

اولین روز نامه اقتصادی دوازده ماهه استان اصفهان

اخبار اصفهان

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قیمت ۲۰۰۰ تومان

معاون وزیر راه: بازار اجاره مسکن را سامان دادیم.

نوبت بازار خرید و فروش است

معاون مسکن و ساختمان وزارت راه و شهرسازی گفت: همانطور که توانستیم بازار اجاره مسکن را ساماندهی کنیم، پیشنهاداتی هم در خصوص ساماندهی بازار خرید و فروش مسکن داریم...



معاون استاندار اصفهان خبر داد:

توسعه روابط با کشورهای عضو اکو بستر شکوفایی گردشگری فرهنگی اصفهان

معاون هماهنگی امور اقتصادی استانداری اصفهان گفت: توسعه روابط با کشورهای عضو اکو می تواند گردشگری فرهنگی را در اصفهان رونق بخشد. سید حسن قاضی عسگر با اشاره به توسعه روابط اقتصادی ایران با کشورهای عضو اکو اظهار داشت: با حضور رئیس مؤسسه فرهنگی اکو در ایران و استقبال وی از توسعه روابط کشورهای اکو به ویژه تاجیکستان، گردشگری فرهنگی در اصفهان توسعه می یابد...

Table with market data: بازار طلا و سکه ۹۹/۶/۲۷ ساعت ۲۰:۰۵. Columns include item name, price, and volume.



صنایع دستی، سرمایه، بورس

تحلیل اخبار کارآفرینی در ابتدایی ترین قسمت تحلیل این هفته اخبار کار آفرینی می خوانیم به مشکلات قشری بپردازیم که بیش از نیمی از جمعیت ایران را تشکیل می دهند زنان کشور مادر تمام طول تاریخ زودشادوش مردان بار مشکلات زندگی را بر دوش کشیده اند و بی خود نیست با نام زیبای زن که از ریشه زایش و خلقت به وجود آمده است آنها را نامیده اند. زنان کشور ما خالقان زندگی خود، همسران و فرزندان نشان هستند و بی شک خداوند آنها را بر گزیده تاقسمتی از عظمت خلقت و آفرینش را در آنها نمایان کند. جالب است واژه کار آفرینی نیز با وجود بانوان کشورمان معنای خاصی پیدا کرده و گویی بدون آنها نمیتوان آفرینش در کار را رقم زد. این کار آفرینی زنان مختص امروز و دیروز نیست از گذشته های دور تا به امروز از خانه های زیادی صدای قدیمی، اما آشنا به گوش می رسد، به هم خوردن چوب ها، قیژ قیژ چرخ های...



در بازدید جمعی از اصحاب رسانه از ابرپروژه های عمرانی شهر اصفهان مطرح شد؛ حرکت پرشتاب ابرپروژه های زیر ساختی شهر

وجود نمایگاه بین المللی اصفهان جایگاه اقتصادی کلانشهر اصفهان را در کشور بسیار بالاتر می برد و منفعت های بسیاری برای تولید کنندگان و عرضه کنندگان کالا دارد

مردم استان اصفهان چشم انتظار تکمیل سامانه دوم آبرسانی

مدیر کل پدافند غیر عامل استانداری اصفهان گفت: سامانه دوم آبرسانی اصفهان به منظور افزایش سرعت تکمیل و بهره برداری، نیازمند تامین اعتبار این طرح است. آب خام رودخانه زاینده رود پس از گذشتن از مخزن سد زاینده رود و عبور از حدود ۱۰۰ کیلومتر مسیر رودخانه از محل سد انحرافی چم آسمان به تصفیه خانه پایشیجلی منتقل می شود و با پشت سر گذاشتن فرآیندی نسبتاً گسترده در تصفیه خانه توسط تونل به مخازن شهر اصفهان در شمال، جنوب، و شرق منتقل می گردد.

خشک شدن رودخانه زاینده رود در چند سال گذشته، تامین آب شرب ۱۴ شهرستان زیر پوشش شبکه اصفهان بزرگ را با مخاطره ای جدی روبه رو کرده است، این چالش بزرگ که جمعیتی بالغ بر ۴/۵ میلیون نفر را در شرایط فعلی تحت تأثیر قرار می دهد ناشی از عوامل متفاوت است. کارشناسان معتقدند تا زمانی که طرح سامانه دوم آبرسانی اصفهان به بهره برداری نرسد چالش تامین آب شرب در استان اصفهان پایانی نخواهد داشت، طرحی که طی سال های گذشته با مشکلاتی، چون نبود اعتبارات لازم مواجه بوده است.

توجه به ساماندهی حاشیه زاینده رود، پایه گذار توسعه هدفمند سیما و منظر شهری

گزارش شهردار فلاورجان: توجه به ساماندهی حاشیه زاینده رود را پایه گذار توسعه هدفمند سیما و منظر شهری در چشم شهروندان و رهگذران خواند و خاطر نشان ساخت: به حول و قوه الهی این ساماندهی در دو ضلع حاشیه زاینده رود در حال انجام است و در آینده ای نزدیک به بهره برداری خواهد رسید.

آگهی مناقصه: شهرداری خورزوق در نظر دارد به استناد شماره ۱۵۳/۹۹/ش مورخ ۵/۵/۱۳۹۹ (مضوبه شماره ۱۵۳) شورای محترم اسلامی شهر خورزوق نسبت به خرید سفالت ۲۵ و MC۲ با اعتباری به مبلغ ۱۳,۰۰۰,۰۰۰ ریال از محل اعتبارات بودجه سال ۹۹ شهر دای خورزوق به شرح ذیل از طریق انجام مناقصه عمومی اقدام نماید.

تکمیل پروژه سامانه دوم آبرسانی اصفهان بزرگ: به شرط تامین اعتبار صفری در خصوص طرح آبرسانی سامانه دوم انتقال آب اصفهان عنوان کرد: از دیگر اقدامات میان مدت پدافندی در راستای تداوم پایداری شبکه آبرسانی استان می توان به طرح آبرسانی سامانه دوم انتقال آب به نام گلاب ۲ اشاره کرد. او ادامه داد: این طرح در حال حاضر در دست اجرا بوده و نیازمند تامین اعتبار جهت افزایش سرعت تکمیل است که با توجه به تهدیدات متصور در آینده در صورت توقف و یا کند شدن این پروژه علاوه بر از دست دادن زمان در مدیریت بحران آب خسارت های جبران ناپذیری در حوزه های اجتماعی و امنیتی منطقه مرکزی کشور قابل تصور خواهد بود. مدیر کل پدافند غیر عامل استانداری اصفهان گفت: البته در خصوص اقدامات پدافندی بلندمدت در جهت اطمینان از تامین آب شرب استان در سنوات آتی می توان به طرح انتقال آب از خلیج فارس اشاره کرد که مطالعات کارشناسی این طرح نیز در دست انجام است.



استان اصفهان در حوزه آب شرب دچار تنش نیست، بلکه دچار بحران است، در این راستا اجرای طرح های آبرسانی و انتقال آب به اصفهان یکی از مطالبات مردم و مدیران استان است

Knowledge-based companies in full swing to tackle sanctions

Domestic knowledge-based companies are now flourished to the extent that 300 Iranian products have replaced the sanctioned foreign ones, helping the country to take steps toward a knowledge-based economy to reduce the impact of sanctions.

Currently, some 5,000 knowledge-based companies are active in the country, manufacturing diverse products to meet the needs of the domestic market while saving large amounts of foreign currency. Although sanctions have put pressure on the country, it has provided a unique opportunity for business development and the activity of knowledge-based companies in the country.

The fields of aircraft maintenance, steel, pharmaceuticals, and medical equipment, oil and gas are among the sectors that researchers in technology companies have engaged in, leading to import reduction.

In recent years, the vice presidency for science and technology has been supporting knowledge-based companies active in the production of sanctioned items, Ismail Ghaderifar, head of the center for strategic technologies development of the vice presidency of science and technology, said.

"Although we are facing the toughest and most severe sanctions in the field of the aviation industry, the country's air fleet is working well in the field of repair and overhaul of aircraft engines by knowledge-based companies," he stated.

Even these researchers are taking a big step to build turbine systems and air engines, which will be achieved in the next 4-5 years, he added.

Graphite electrodes save \$60-100m Ghaderifar went on to note that another area of great importance is the steel industry, where two knowledge-based companies entered and produced the "graphite electrodes" that are a basic need of steel companies.

Regarding the foreign exchange savings that the production of these graphite electrodes has brought, he noted that it is estimated at about \$60-100 million.

No need to import anti-corona items Ghaderifar added that under sanctions in the most difficult conditions, Iran combatted the pandemic and knowledge-based companies could make the country independent. Moreover, they managed to produce pharmaceutical items required by the country's health system.

"Also, the production of medical equipment such as ventilators is one of the honors of knowledge-based companies, which is a vital and important item for ICU patients, which have even reached the export stage," he said.

Electrospinning is another product made by knowledge-based companies, which can apply a nano-layer on the fibers. Europe which was the only producer of the product refused to transfer the production line to Iran due to sanctions, and the price of each production line was one million euros, he highlighted.

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IRISL Reports 778\$ mln in Revenues despite Anti-Iran Sanctions

The Islamic Republic of Iran Shipping Line Group (IRISL) said revenues of the company topped 778\$ million in the year ending June 21 despite a series of harsh US sanctions seeking to choke off the country's trade.



IRISL CEO Mohammad Reza Modarres Khiabani said on Wednesday that the state-run shipping lines had carried more than 23 million metric tons of cargoes over the 12-month period, a sign that US sanctions had barely disrupted trade to and from Iran. "This figure has been achieved despite the oppressive sanctions and the coronavirus outbreak," said Modarres Khiabani, making a reference to lower demand for container shipping around the world as a result of the pandemic. He said that IRISL's share of operations in southern Iranian



ports, frequented by international container ships, had been around 19 percent in the year ending late June, adding that the group had less than a third of the market in northern Iranian ports over the same period. Modarres Khiabani said a key issue in IRISL's operation over the 12-month period was to comply with strict international standards on the use of new fuels

for its ships. He said the company had spent a total of \$145 million on low-sulfur fuels, half of which had been obtained through foreign suppliers, to comply with mandatory regulations of the International Maritime Organizations that came into effect in early 2020, Press TV reported. That caused the net profit of the IRISL to drop to just more than \$14

million, he said, adding that gross profits over the year in question had amounted to nearly \$85 million. He said shipping large cargoes of Iranian fuel to Venezuela, a country also under American sanctions, was a major victory for the IRISL, describing the conclusion of the operation in June as a historic moment for the company.

The Persian economic website, Eghtesadnews reported that the central bank has resumed offering currency at lower rates to buyers. The CBI on Wednesday had suspended allocation of 2,200\$ (or equivalent) a year at a relatively lower rate to the people.

Reviving small mines plays significant role in job creation

By Mahnaz Abdi

The plan for reviving small mines in Iran was first launched by Iran Mine House in early 2018 in the framework of some agreements with the mining associations and companies. Then the plan was officially put into operation in April this year, and the Industry, Mining, and Trade Ministry is pursuing it seriously. The ministry has revived 42 such mines in the first five months of the current Iranian calendar year (March 20-August 21). Based on the data released by Iran Minerals Production and Supply Company (IMPASCO), during the mentioned period, 510 mines across the country have been identified and prioritized under the framework of the small-scale mines reviving activation and development program.

Holding more than 10 joint technical committee meetings with investors, as well as holding meetings to activate the

country's copper mines with the help of the National Iranian Copper Industries Company (NICICO) were reported as other measures taken in this program during the past five months.

While reviving the small mines is a major step toward materializing "Surge in Production", which is the motto of the current Iranian calendar year (began on March 20), it also plays a significant role in job creation throughout the country.

As reported, reviving the small mines has created 300 job opportunities in the first quarter of the current Iranian calendar year (March 20-June 20).

Deputy Interior Minister Babak Dinparast announced on Tuesday that reviving all of the idle mines will create over 800,000 direct and indirect jobs.

Meanwhile, Mohamadreza Bahraman, the head of Iran Mine House, announced in late March that preliminary studies have been conducted on 1,800 mines in the country and reviving program has been investigated as well, that in addition to pick-up in production

it will lead to the creation of direct and indirect jobs for about 425,000 persons.

As announced by the acting minister of industry, mining, and trade, 50 small mines were projected to be revived in 12 provinces in the past Iranian calendar year, while Iranian Mines and Mining Industries Development and Renovation Organization (IMIDRO) has said that 146 mines were revived.

Jafar Sarqei said that if reviving each mine creates jobs for 15 persons, reviving 50 mines promises job opportunities for 750 persons. The official has also announced that the plan for reviving small mines will be defined for all the provinces by the next Iranian year.

And as reviving small mines stands among the top priorities of IMIDRO, this plan is hoped to create a noticeable number of jobs throughout the country.

Khodadad Gharibpour, the head of IMIDRO, has mentioned this plan as one of the most significant plans of "Resistance Economy", saying that IMIDRO is strongly determined to carry out it.

Iran's fishery production rises noticeably in recent years

Iran Fisheries Organization (IFO) Head Nabiollah Khoun-Mirzaei said that fishery production has increased noticeably in the country in the recent years, IRIB reported.

Making the remarks on the sidelines of signing a cooperation agreement with the National Nutrition and Food Technology Research Institute, the official put Iran's annual fishery output at 1.28 million tons in the past Iranian calendar year (ended on March 20), and said the figure is anticipated to reach 1.37 million tons in this year, and surpass 1.5 million tons in the next year.

Khoun-Mirzaei has announced that the country's fishery export stood at 146,000 tons worth \$538.9 million in the past Iranian year, while the import was 29,000 tons valued at \$98.9 million, so Iran's fishery trade balance was \$440 million in the previous year.

He has also said that 233,059 persons are currently working in the country's fishery sector.

Putting the country's fishery output at 1.28 million tons in the past year, the official said it is while the planned figure was 1.25 million tons, and underscored that this amount of output was achieved despite the sanctions and related difficulties in the previous year.

He noted that the output, which was more than the projected amount, was achieved through the help of research sectors as well as the ground laid by the private sector.

Referring to the high quality of Iran's fishery products, the head of the IFO said that these products were sold easily in the export markets.

In mid-January, he had also said that new export destinations have welcomed Iran's high-quality fishery products in the past Iranian calendar year. "New markets including China, South Korea, and the Eurasian Union nations have opened up for Iranian fishery products in this year", Khoun-Mirzaei said at the time.

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News

MAPNA, IKCO Form Alliance to Produce Electric Vehicles

After successfully testing 20 electric vehicle prototypes in June, MAPNA has joined hands with IKCO to mass produce electric vehicles. The global electric vehicle race has reached Iran, as the domestic engineering and energy giant, MAPNA Group, and major automaker Iran Khodro Company (IKCO) are gearing up to jointly produce EVs. After successfully testing 20 EV prototypes in June, MAPNA has joined hands with IKCO to mass

produce electric vehicles, the group's website Mapnagroup.com reported. Farshad Moqimi, the head of IKCO, reviewed the prototypes and different EV development labs at MAPNA on Sunday and met Abbas Aliabadi, the CEO of the engineering group, to discuss the details of their collaboration. Considering the investments made in the field and tapping into MAPNA's potentials, IKCO can speed up its move toward EV production.

Yemen Reiterates Support for Palestine, Slams Normalization Deals

Yemen's Ministry of Foreign Affairs reiterated the country's support for the legitimate struggle of the Palestinian people to restore their usurped rights and establish their independent state with Jerusalem al-Quds as its capital. In a statement, the ministry also condemned, in the strongest terms, the UAE and Bahrain's agreements to normalize relations with the Zionist entity, considering normalization a total betrayal of the central Arab cause, and a stab in the back of the Palestinian people, and the Arab and Islamic nation. The statement indicated that the tendency of some Arab regimes to normalize ties with the Zionist entity under American auspices will not achieve security for these regimes or bring peace into the Middle East. Rather, it will provoke people's discontent with those regimes, and threaten security and stability in the region and the world. The statement added that the main goal of normalization is to achieve political gains for the American and Zionist administrations, al-Masirah TV reported. The normalization that took place is between the Zionist entity and the puppet regimes of America, not with the free Persian Gulf and Arab peoples who stand by the rights of the children of the usurped Palestinian people, it underlined. The statement called on the Palestinians to unite ranks and reject differences to face the plots being hatched against the Palestinian cause.

US Objection to ICJ's Jurisdiction Lacks Legal Basis: Iran's Envoy

Iran's representative in the International Court of Justice rejected the inadmissible reasons the US government has given to challenge the ICJ's jurisdiction to consider a complaint lodged by Tehran against the re-imposition of American sanctions. In remarks on Wednesday, director of the Iranian Presidency's Centre for International Legal Affairs and the country's representative in the International Court of Justice, Hamidreza Olumi Yazdi, said the US has questioned the ICJ's jurisdiction with the purpose of delaying the legal

procedure for hearing Iran's complaint and the strong evidence for the US violation of the 1955 Treaty of Amity. The US' reasons to object to the ICJ's competence to rule in the case either lack legal basis or are based on groundless allegations against Iran, he added. Denouncing the illegal re-imposition of US sanctions after its withdrawal from the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action, Olumi Yazdi said the cruel sanctions have already targeted all sectors of Iran's economy, including the oil and gas industries, financial and banking sector, automotive and shipping industries, metal production and construction. The US sanctions have inflicted widespread financial and non-financial damages on the Iranian people and companies, he deplored.

The Iranian official finally reminded the ICJ president and judges that the international court has now a "historic opportunity" to stand against the US government's unilateralism and law-breaking, to dismiss Washington's baseless objection, and begin to hear the case. The International Court of Justice has begun weeklong sessions on the issue of its jurisdiction to consider the complaint filed by Iran against the re-imposition of US sanctions.



Riyadh May Have Enough Uranium Ore to Produce Nuclear Fuel: Report

A renowned university professor and political analyst believes that the rulers of the UAE and Bahrain consider relations with the Israeli regime as a guarantee for the United States' long-lasting support for their regimes.



Saudi Arabia likely has enough mineable uranium ore reserves to pave the way for the domestic production of nuclear fuel.

This is according to confidential documents seen by the British daily the Guardian. Details of the stocks are contained in reports prepared for the kingdom by Chinese geologists, who have been scrambling to help Riyadh map its uranium reserves at breakneck speed as part of their nuclear energy cooperation agreement.

The disclosure will intensify concerns about Riyadh's interest in an atomic weapons program.

The survey report describes how geologists worked all year round despite blistering summer heat to identify reserves that could produce over 90,000 tons of uranium from three major deposits in the center and northwest of the country.

These are "inferred deposits", estimated from initial surveys. Further exploration would be needed to confirm uranium reserves and calculate the cost of extraction.

Saudi Arabia has been open about its ambition to extract uranium domestically, with a senior official describing it in 2017 as a step towards "self-sufficiency" in producing nuclear fuel for an energy program.

The 2019 survey suggests that the reserves could potentially provide Saudi Arabia with both fuel for the reactors it wants to build, and surplus for export.

The Guardian could not independently verify the authenticity of the report, compiled by the Beijing



Research Institute of Uranium Geology (BRIUG) and China National Nuclear Corporation (CNNC), working with the Saudi Geological Survey.

"If some of these became actually viable deposits - and there's no way of knowing whether that's possible or not - the actual amounts are probably going to be well in excess of what a power plant, or a few power plants would need," said Prof Kip Jeffrey, head of Camborne school of mines at the University of Exeter.

If Saudi Arabia is able to mine sufficient uranium domestically, rather than relying on foreign providers, it could give the kingdom a boost toward creating its own weapons program, experts say.

"If you are considering nuclear weapons development, the more indigenous your nuclear program is, the better. In some cases, foreign suppliers of uranium will require peaceful-use commitments from end users, so if your uranium is indigenous, you don't have to be concerned about that constraint," said Mark Hibbs, senior fellow in the nuclear policy program at the Carnegie Endowment for Peace.

Another expert, Bruce Riedel at the Brookings Institution, said the information showed that the Saudis were "aggressively pursuing the prerequisites" for either an energy or weapons program and that securing a domestic source of uranium would boost their effort.

The kingdom's nuclear ambitions have become a source of heightened concern in the US Congress and among allies, particularly since Crown Prince Mohammed bin Salman said in 2018 that if Iran "develops a nuclear bomb, we will follow suit as soon as possible".

The greatest international concern is over the kingdom's lack of transparency. Under a 2005 agreement with the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA), Saudi Arabia avoided inspections through a small quantities protocol (SQP), which waives IAEA monitoring up to the point where fissile fuel is introduced into a reactor. The nuclear watchdog has been trying to convince the Saudi monarchy to now accept a full monitoring program, but the Saudis have so far fended off that request.

"We are in conversation with them. They are interested in developing nuclear energy, for peaceful purposes of course," IAEA chief Rafael Grossi said on Monday when asked about verification in Saudi Arabia.

The richest seam of reserves appear in maps to be at or very close to a site chosen for the planned new city of Neom, centerpiece of crown prince Mohammed bin Salman's Vision 2030 project to wean the economy off oil.

China began prospecting work in 2017 across nine different areas identified as having prospective uranium deposits, and finished at the end of last

year. Beijing's interests are diplomatic and commercial. Helping Saudi Arabia with its nuclear program strengthens ties with a key US ally, and China is always looking for fresh supplies of ore and buyers for its nuclear plants, said Hibbs.

The project report boasted of the extreme speed of the project, achieved in part by working through summer temperatures of over 50C (122F), leaving several on the team with heatstroke.

"According to international common practice, it takes five to eight years to discover and estimate inferred resources of a uranium-thorium deposit; this project only lasted two years," the report said, referring to another radioactive element often found alongside uranium. The exploration covered nine blocks over 30,000 square kilometers; there was often no road access to sites or network coverage.

"[Chinese] specialists stayed in the field for eight straight months with Saudi colleagues, working through weekends, holidays, and even spring festival break [the biggest holiday in the Chinese calendar]."

A string of other setbacks are detailed in the report. Near the border with Yemen, where a Saudi-led aggression is raging, armed men regularly disrupted drilling, and locals declared certain areas off limits to the exploration teams.

NEWS

Tehran warns against adventurism against Iran's nuclear program

Iran's Ambassador to the Vienna-based international organizations Kazem Gharibabadi referred to the recent explosion in the Shahid Ahmadi Roushan nuclear facility and warned against "any such reckless and dangerous adventurism."

He made the remark in his report on Thursday to the seasonal session of the Board of Directors of the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA).

He said that "The fact that 22 percent of the Agency's global inspections alone is conducted in Iran, shows that Iran has the most transparent peaceful nuclear program among the Agency's Member States. Although the Agency is supposed to focus on the current activities, however, Iran has voluntarily accepted the request by the Agency to address possible safeguards issues."

In this context, the Director General's current report depicts the extra-miles which both Iran and the Agency have taken to reach a common understanding on the issues at hand, and to find satisfactory resolutions for them. We, both, are in agreement that in order to overcome possible impediments, a conducive environment should be established for it first, which certainly comes out of mutual good-faith. The current extensive level of cooperation between Iran and the Agency has not been achieved easily, and we shouldn't allow it to be diminished simply by imprudent political interests of few."

He said it was "noteworthy that the same legal instruments which entitle the Agency to enjoy certain rights, also identify the boundaries and limitations for the assumption of such rights. In this regard, questions or requests by the Agency should be based on convincing underlying reasons, and independent information and findings. Also, the Member States of the Agency should seriously avoid exerting any pressure against it for preserving its integrity. By considering such limitations and refraining from basing the questions and requests on allegations and fabricated documents, the grounds were ready for cooperation between Iran and the Agency. In this line, since the Agency has considered and analyzed information available to it till now, therefore, does not have any further question or requests for access to locations other than those declared by Iran."

Furthermore, he went on "to emphasize that since few adversaries of the JCPOA could not find any issues in the recent years to destroy the JCPOA and cooperation between Iran and the Agency, they have tried in vain to build their arguments upon unfounded, baseless allegations. Nevertheless, it is upon the Board of Governors and the Agency's Secretariat to show necessary wisdom and foresight to avoid getting entangled in their mischief."

News

Ghalibaf: Regional treacherous rulers complicit in all Zionists' crimes

In a statement, Iran's Parliament Speaker criticized the normalization of ties between some regional Arab states with Zionists, saying that the treacherous rulers of the region are complicit in all the crimes of the Zionists. In his Thursday statement, Mohammad Bagher Ghalibaf wrote: "What is happening in the region and in TV and election shows is not new to the people of the world, especially the Muslim Ummah, the Arab youth and the oppressed people of Palestine." For many years, many governments in the region have been passionately kissing the bloodthirsty hands of the Zionists, he added. Ghalibaf noted that what happened between some Arab rulers

and the Zionist regime was simply to put on paper the stigma and ugliness of years of enmity between the rulers of some countries and the Palestinian people.

He quotes a verse from the Holy Quran saying, "Allah forbids you only in regard to those who made war against you on account of religion and expelled you from your homes and supported [the polytheists of Makkah] in your expulsion, that you make friends with them, and whoever makes friends with them - it is they who are the wrongdoers." (Al-Mumtahanah-9).

The Iranian speaker stressed that as the Supreme Leader of the Revolution, Ayatollah Khamenei, has repeatedly stressed, there will be no solution without the Palestinian people, and that this is a permanent issue.

He named the day of having the recent agreement signed as 'the second Youmal-Nikah'.

On 11 September, the Israeli Regime and Bahrain agreed to normalize relations. The two countries decided to establish diplomatic ties a month after a similar deal was brokered by the United States between the Israeli Regime and the United Arab



Emirates.

Bahrain then became the fourth

Arab country to recognize the Israeli Regime. The first two were Egypt in 1979 and Jordan in 1994.

The Palestinian Authority condemned the US peace initiatives as biased in favor of the Zionist Regime and criticized the UAE and Bahrain for eroding the common Arab position, which offered normalization to the Israeli Regime as a reward for withdrawing from the "occupied territories".

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It is up to UNSC to decide on resolutions, not US: UN chief



The UN secretary-general says it is up to the Security Council to interpret its resolution on the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA) nuclear deal, following the US threats to snapback all sanctions against Iran. "It is the Security Council... that is able to do the interpretation of the Security Council resolutions, and we will act in line with what the Security Council does," Antonio Guterres told reporters on Wednesday. His comments came after US Secretary of State Mike Pompeo claimed earlier on Wednesday that Washington would re-impose sanctions on Iran in the United Nations next week to make the arms embargo against the Islamic Republic permanent. Back in August, the US led a failed bid to extend an arms embargo on Iran that is set to be lifted in October as part of Security Council Resolution 2231, which endorses the 2015 multilateral nuclear deal.

Headlines

Riyadh May Have Enough Uranium Ore to Produce Nuclear Fuel

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Tehran warns against adventurism against Iran's nuclear program

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Knowledge-based companies in full swing to tackle sanctions

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CALL TO PRAYER TIME IN ISFAHAN

Morning call to prayer:

05:28:58

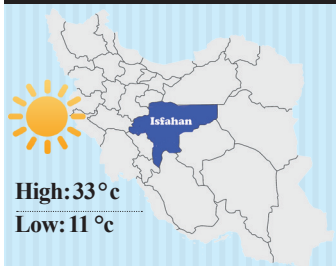
Noon call to prayer:

12:56:56

Evening call to prayer:

19:21:24

WEATHER



Iran Launches New Medical, Construction Projects

Iranian President Hassan Rouhani on Thursday inaugurated dozens of projects in the health and construction sectors, which he said would help people amid the outbreak of the coronavirus. In a videoconference held on Thursday morning, Rouhani inaugurated 26 national projects relating to the healthcare and medical sector, roads and urban development, and the Red Crescent Society. The president said opening of the new projects, including 1,400 new hospital beds, would promote people's welfare amid the fight against the coronavirus pandemic. The new projects would also provide employment for nearly 4,000 people.



IRISL Reports 778\$ mln in Revenues despite Anti-Iran Sanctions

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Iran President Urges Close Ties with Japan in Congratulatory Message to Suga

Iranian President Hassan Rouhani congratulated Yoshihide Suga on his election as Japan's new prime minister, expressing hope for the development of friendly ties between Tehran and Tokyo in all fields.



In a message on Thursday, Rouhani warmly congratulated Suga on taking office as Japan's prime minister.

The president also paid tribute to former Japanese prime minister, Shinzo Abe, for his "major and influential role" in promoting the relations between Tehran and Tokyo.

"The constant consultations between the officials of the Islamic Republic of Iran and Japan, especially in 2019 on the occasion of the 90th anniversary of establishment of political ties which was marked by reciprocal visits by the heads of the two states to the capitals, have opened a new chapter in the expansion of relations in all fields of mutual interest," Rouhani added.

He further expressed hope that the friendly relations between Iran and Japan and their mutual cooperation in various fields, particularly the economic and trade ties, would further grow during Prime Minister Suga's tenure.

"The Islamic Republic of Iran's policy has always been based on helping advance peace and

security, respect, and mutual commitment to international undertakings and agreements. Accordingly, I hope that consultations and joint efforts of the Islamic Republic of Iran and Japan over regional and international subjects would continue like before," the president said.

He also wished the Japanese leader and people health, success and prosperity. Yoshihide Suga was elected as Japan's new prime minister by the country's lower house of parliament on Wednesday, replacing Shinzo Abe who resigned because of poor health and promising to continue his signature economic policies.

71-year-old Suga won the leadership contest of the governing Liberal Democratic Party (LDP) on Monday.

The former Chief Cabinet Secretary and Abe loyalist appointed a new cabinet shortly after he became prime minister, keeping about half of the familiar faces from his predecessor's lineup.

-71-year-old Suga won the leadership contest of the governing Liberal Democratic Party (LDP) on Monday.

Iran calls on UNIDO to boost efforts to help member states

Iranian Deputy Foreign Minister for International and Legal Affairs Mohsen Baharvand urged United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO) to strengthen efforts to help its member countries.

Baharvand who is now in Vienna, made the remarks in his meeting with the current Director-General of UNIDO Li Yong.

In this meeting, referring to the importance of UNIDO in the process of industrialization of developing countries, Baharvand evaluated the efforts and actions of the UNIDO and its managing director in the implementation of some projects in Iran as important.

Rejecting the illegal and unilateral US sanctions and their negative effects on the rights of the people, he called for Yong to step up UNIDO's efforts to help member states.

Young, for her turn, named Iran an

important UNIDO member and presented a report on the progress of UNIDO's activities in Iran and announced the organization's readiness to define new projects in the areas needed by Iran.

Earlier on Wednesday, Baharvand met and held talks with Ghada Wali, the Director-General of the UN Office at Vienna and Executive Director of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC) and Director-General of the International Atomic Energy Agency Rafael Mariano Grossi.

Trump Contradicts Top Health Official on Vaccine, Masks: 'He Was Confused'

US President Donald Trump took exception on Wednesday to comments from the director of the US Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, who said a vaccine for the novel coronavirus could be broadly rolled out in mid-2021 - and that masks might be even more effective.

But "in order to have enough of us immunized to have immunity, I think it's going to take six to nine months," he added.

Robert Redfield, in testimony to a congressional committee, said that general availability of a vaccine could come by "late second quarter, third quarter 2021."

Trump, at a news conference, said he believed a vaccine will be rolled out much sooner. He said he called Redfield after his testimony to question him about it, and that Redfield appeared to have been confused by the question, Reuters reported.

"I think he made a mistake when he said that," Trump said of Redfield's testimony. "I don't think he means that. When he said it, I believe he was confused."

Trump said a vaccine might be available in a matter of weeks and that there was a plan to begin distributing it widely soon after the Food and Drug Administration approves it. Trump is eager to have progress on a vaccine ahead of the Nov 3 presidential election.

Several companies are in late-stage trials of a vaccine and have expressed optimism, but none of the vaccines are yet proven to be effective and safe.

Trump also criticized Redfield for saying wearing a mask can be just as effective as a vaccine. Trump was initially reluctant to urge Americans to wear masks but has since

been more willing to do so. Still, he has held a number of tightly packed events where many participants have not covered their mouth and nose.

"Number one, it's not more effective than a vaccine and I called him about that," Trump said.

On Twitter late on Wednesday, Redfield said he believed "100%" in the importance of a vaccine. "A COVID-19 vaccine is the thing that will get Americans back to normal everyday life," he said.

Despite quibbling with Redfield, Trump said he retained confidence in his performance at the CDC.

Redfield, who is a member of Trump's coronavirus task force, did say that a vaccine could be ready as soon as this November or December, and that limited first doses could go to those who were most vulnerable, but that it might take until mid-2021 for it to be widely available.

"As soon as (a) vaccine gets approved or cleared, we want to be in a position to distribute it within 24 hours," Redfield told the US Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, and Related Agencies.

But "in order to have enough of us immunized to have immunity, I think it's going to take six to nine months," he added.

The federal government will allocate vaccines for each state based on the critical populations recommended first for vaccination by the US CDC.

China calls for more cooperation with Iran

Assistant Foreign Minister of China Deng Li in a meeting with Iran's Ambassador in Beijing Mohammad Khezarzadeh voiced his country's interest in sustainable expansion of ties with Iran in every

field. He also noted that his country favors the implementation of the agreements between the leaders of the two countries.

Deng Li said mutual supports of both countries for each other in the international arena is a sign of friendship between the countries. Appreciating China's helps to Iran

to fight the coronavirus epidemic, Keshavarzadeh thanked Beijing for its valuable supports in the international arena.

He also expressed his inclination for strengthening the friendly ties with China in every field.

The two officials also discussed Iran and China relations and issues of mutual interest.

