

جهت درج آگهی های
استخدامی خود در
روزنامه اخبار اصفهان
با شماره
۳۲۲۷۴۵۰۰
تماس حاصل فرمایید

استخدام کارشناس فناوری اطلاعات
(IT)، کارشناس برنامه ریزی
gmail.com@bssco۱۳۹۷

استخدام مسئول دفتر خانم یک
شرکت معتبر بازرگانی در اصفهان
تلفن ۰۳۱۳۶۶۹۵۲۲۲

استخدام کارمند فروش آفادر گروه
مهندسين مشاور راپکو در اصفهان
تلفن ۰۳۱۹۵۰۱۸۸۷۱

استخدام کارشناس وصول مطالبات
در کارخانه تولیدی اصفهان
hrm.jobapp@gmail.com

استخدام بازاریاب آفادر یک
شرکت پخش در اصفهان
موبایل ۰۹۲۲۴۳۱۹۰۹۱

استخدام مدیر بازرگانی در شرکت
زرین پیام سپاهان در اصفهان
info@zps-co.com

استخدام ویزیتور حضوری و تلفنی با
حقوق و مزایا در اصفهان
تلفن ۰۳۱۳۸۵۵۲۷۷۷

استخدام کارشناس دبیرخانه در
کارخانه تولیدی در اصفهان
Hrm.jobapp@gmail.com

استخدام کارشناس فروش در یک
شرکت معتبر تولیدی در اصفهان
موبایل ۰۹۳۸۳۰۳۵۸

استخدام کارشناس حسابداری،
کارشناس فروش و مسئول دفتر در
اصفهان
تلفن ۰۳۱۳۵۷۲۰۱۰۵

استخدام کارشناس بازرگانی در
یک شرکت معتبر در اصفهان
واتساب ۰۹۰۳۵۶۱۵۳۰۰

استخدام کارشناس وصول
مطالبات در کارخانه تولیدی
اصفهان
hrm.jobapp@gmail.com

استخدام کارشناس فنی در شرکت
داده پرداز رانه متین در اصفهان
r.sajadi@matin.ir

استخدام بازاریاب آفادر یک شرکت
پخش در اصفهان
موبایل ۰۹۲۲۶۳۱۹۰۹۱

استخدام مشاور فروش با حقوق و
مزایا در هلدینگ پارس پندار نهاد
واتساب ۰۹۱۹۹۳۱۱۰۰۲



دستگیره در، دستگیره کمر بند ایمنی، کنترل نور و هوا، درها و پنجره‌ها و اجزایی که بیشتر در معرض آلودگی هستند، اگر چرخ قابل مشاهده وجود دارد باید ابتدا آب و شوینده و سپس از مواد ضد عفونی کننده مناسب استفاده شود. برای قسمت‌های نرم تر خودرو مانند صندلی‌های پارچه‌ای جهت ضد عفونی از یک شوینده مناسب برای سطوح نرم و قابل نفوذ استفاده شود.

فرمان اتومبیل از قسمت‌هایی است که در تماس مکرر قرار می‌گیرد و بایستی با ماده مناسب ضد عفونی شود. هنگام ضد عفونی کردن، زمان کافی در نظر گرفته شود تا مواد اثر ضد عفونی کنندگی خود را اعمال کنند. در همه مراحل تمیز و ضد عفونی کردن از دستکش استفاده شود. برای سطوح الکترونیکی داخل اتومبیل که به طور مکرر لمس می‌شوند، مانند سیستم‌های صوتی تصویری یا صفحه نمایش لمسی، ابتدا گرد و غبار قابل مشاهده پاک شود و برای ضد عفونی کردن، از دستمال مرطوب یا اسپری حاوی الکل ۷۰ درصد استفاده شود.

آن‌ها می‌گویند: مهم‌ترین چیزی که باید در مورد ویروس کرونا روی سطوح دانست این است که به راحتی می‌توان آن‌ها را با ضد عفونی کننده‌های خانگی که ویروس را از بین می‌برند غیر فعال کرد. مطالعات نشان داده‌اند که ویروس می‌تواند تا ۷۲ ساعت بر روی پلاستیک و فولاد ضد زنگ، کمتر از ۴ ساعت روی مس و کمتر از ۲۴ ساعت روی مقوای زنده بماند. با توجه به اینکه بدنه خودروها قسمتی از فلز و قسمتی از پلاستیک ساخته شده ماند گاری ویروس بر روی آن بیشتر است. برای جلوگیری از انتشار این بیماری باید حداقل، سطوح لمس شده در وسیله نقلیه را در انتهای هر بار استفاده، تمیز و ضد عفونی کرد. بایستی اطمینان حاصل شود که روش‌های نظافت و ضد عفونی به طور مداوم و صحیح رعایت می‌شود. در هنگام تمیز کردن وسیله نقلیه، درها و پنجره‌ها باید باز بمانند.

در صورت استفاده شخصی از اتومبیل و اطمینان از عدم سوار شدن فرد مبتلا به کووید ۱۹ رعایت بهداشت فردی توسط سرنشینان، ضد عفونی کردن روزانه اتومبیل ضروری نیست. در صورت عدم اطمینان از سوار شدن افراد آلوده لازم است پس از هر سوار و پیاده شدن، سطوح در تماس ضد عفونی شوند.

برای سطوح سخت در قسمت داخلی وسیله نقلیه مانند صندلی‌های سخت، دسته صندلی،

نگاتی در باره ضد عفونی کردن خودروی شخصی

محققان موسسه ملی تحقیقات سلامت و دانشکده بهداشت دانشگاه علوم پزشکی تهران می‌گویند: در صورت استفاده شخصی از اتومبیل و اطمینان از عدم سوار شدن فرد مبتلا به کووید ۱۹ رعایت بهداشت فردی توسط سرنشینان، ضد عفونی کردن روزانه اتومبیل ضروری نیست. در صورت عدم اطمینان از سوار شدن افراد آلوده لازم است پس از هر سوار و پیاده شدن، سطوح در تماس ضد عفونی شوند.

یکی از راه‌های انتقال ویروس کرونا، تماس پوست با سطوح یا اشیای آلوده است. به عنوان مثال، فردی می‌تواند ویروس کرونا را با لمس یک سطح یا شیء که ویروس روی آن است و سپس لمس کردن دهان، بینی یا احتمالا چشمان خود دریافت کند. ویروس می‌تواند به مدت چند ساعت روی برخی سطوح فعال بماند و موجب افزایش انتقال بیماری شود. با توجه به اینکه اتومبیل برای رفتن به سر کار یا خرید مایحتاج زندگی مورد استفاده قرار می‌گیرد، آیا لازم است روزانه ضد عفونی شود؟ محققان موسسه ملی تحقیقات سلامت و دانشکده بهداشت دانشگاه علوم پزشکی تهران به این پرسش پاسخ داده‌اند.

خطر باقی ماندن شوینده‌ها روی مواد غذایی

چرا تولید کف زیاد هنگام شستشو مهم است؟

هنگام شستشو، اگر کف بیشتری تولید شود، قدرت شویندگی نیز بیشتر است. به طور مشخص در ارتباط با ویروس کرونا، کف بیشتر، سطح بدن، مواد خوراکی و اجسام را لیز می‌کند و به این ترتیب، ویروس با از دست دادن قابلیت چسبندگی بالایی که دارد، از سطح جدا شده و با آب شسته می‌شود و می‌رود.

وقتی از آب سخت برای شستشوی بدن، مواد خوراکی یا وسایل استفاده می‌کنیم، به دلیل وجود همان واکنش شیمیایی که در قسمت قبل توضیح دادیم، کف کافی ایجاد نمی‌شود و باعث می‌شود که کل سطح، به طور یکنواخت یا به اندازه کافی لیز نشده و ویروس روی سطح باقی بماند و به همین دلیل به ناچار باید از مواد شوینده بیشتری برای تولید کف استفاده کنیم.

اما اگر از آب سبک برای شستشو استفاده کنیم، مقدار کمی صابون یا مایع شوینده، کف زیادی تولید می‌کند و این امر، احتمال باقی ماندن ویروس کرونا روی سطوح را به صفر می‌رساند.

خطری باقی ماندن شوینده‌ها روی مواد غذایی

به طور کلی به آبی که حاوی مقادیر زیادی از یون‌های کلسیم (Ca) و منیزیم (Mg) باشد، آب سخت می‌گویند و عدم کارایی این آب در شستشو، به دلیل وجود این دو ماده در ترکیب آن است. هنگام مواجهه با مولکول‌های صابون و مواد شوینده با منیزیم و کلسیم، نوعی واکنش شیمیایی رخ می‌دهد و دو نوع نمک به نام‌های استنارات کربنات تشکیل می‌شوند و همین واکنش شیمیایی از تولید کف کافی جلوگیری می‌کند.

اما آب سبک حکایت دیگری دارد. این نوع آب، فاقد مقادیر زیادی از کلسیم و منیزیم است و به همین دلیل در تماس آن با مواد شوینده و صابون‌ها، واکنشی مشابه با آنچه در آب سخت رخ می‌دهد، روی نمی‌دهد.

آب سبک طبیعی یا آبی که با استفاده از دستگاه‌های تصفیه و نرم کننده آب، سبک شده باشد، به جای کلسیم و منیزیم، حاوی سدیم و پتاسیم است که این دو ماده در اثر تماس با مولکول‌های صابون و مواد شوینده واکنش نامطلوبی از خود نشان نمی‌دهند. به همین دلیل استفاده از کمی صابون یا مواد شوینده‌های دیگر در آب نرم، کف فراوانی تولید می‌کند.

در دوران شیوع ویروس کرونا، شستشوی مناسب دست، وسایل و مواد خوراکی اهمیت بسیار زیادی در پیشگیری از ابتلا به این بیماری دارد و شستشوی مناسب، تا حد زیادی به کیفیت آب بستگی دارد. آب سخت نه تنها امر شستشوی را با مشکل مواجه می‌کند بلکه معایب دیگری هم دارد که در ادامه به آن‌ها خواهیم پرداخت.

آب سخت چیست؟

اگر تجربه دوش گرفتن زیر آب سبک را داشته باشید، قطعاً متوجه شده‌اید که استفاده از کمی صابون یا شامپو، کف کافی و فراوانی تولید می‌کند و این امر درباره شوینده‌های دیگری هم که از آن‌ها برای شستشوی ظروف و لباس‌ها استفاده می‌کنیم، صدق می‌کند. اما حین شستشو با آب سخت، باید میزان استفاده از مواد شوینده را بیشتر کنیم تا همان قدر کف، تولید شود. حالا این سؤال مطرح می‌شود چرا آب سخت در مقایسه با آب سبک، قدرت شویندگی کمتری دارد؟ برای پاسخ به این سؤال بد نیست به ساختار شیمیایی آب سخت نگاهی داشته باشیم.



وقتی از آب سخت برای شستشوی بدن، مواد خوراکی یا وسایل استفاده می‌کنیم کف کافی ایجاد نمی‌شود و باعث می‌شود که کل سطح، به طور یکنواخت یا به اندازه کافی لیز نشده و ویروس روی سطح باقی بماند



مواد شیمیایی به بدن می‌شود که این برای سلامتی افراد، اعم از خردسالان و بزرگسالان، بسیار مضر و خطرناک است. بنابراین شستن با حوصله و کامل مواد خوراکی، چه با آب سبک و چه با آب سخت، نکته‌ای بسیار مهم است که باید به آن توجه کنید. هر چند ضرورت توجه به این نکته، هنگام شستشو با آب سخت، بیشتر می‌شود.

از آنجاکه برای شستن مواد خوراکی مثل میوه‌ها و سبزی‌ها با آب سخت به استفاده از مواد شوینده بیشتری نیاز است، احتمال باقی ماندن این مواد روی سطوح نیز افزایش می‌یابد. ضمناً چون غلظت کف تولید شده در اثر شستشو با آب سخت، کمتر است، شستن آن‌ها حوصله و دقت بیشتری می‌طلبد و ممکن است به هنگام شستشو به علت ندیدن کف متوجه مواد شوینده باقی مانده بر

سرطان رانیز به وجود می‌آورد.
موزهای نارنجی: حتی قندهای طبیعی میوه‌ها می‌توانند تأثیر منفی بر سیستم ایمنی و سلامت روده شما داشته باشند و این موضوع حتی در صورت نارس بودن آن‌ها بیشتر صادق است. موز و سایر میوه‌ها و سبزیجات می‌توانند حاوی مقادیر زیادی پروتئین به نام لکتین باشند. مطالعات نشان می‌دهد که لکتین ممکن است جذب مواد مغذی را مختل کند و تولید فلور روده را مهار کند و به نوبه خود این سدرده شمارا تضعیف می‌کند، دوباره روده‌ای که بدن را از سموم و باکتری‌های مضر محافظت می‌کند.
نوشابه: در حالی که همه اشکال قند می‌توانند مشکلی در سیستم ایمنی بدن ایجاد کنند، نوشابه شاید بدترین مضر باشد. علاوه بر اینکه نوشابه از شکر پر شده است، پر از سرخ‌های مصنوعی نیز هست که می‌توانند روی پوشش دستگاه گوارش تأثیر منفی به نقص ایمنی منجر شوند.

۵ ماده‌ای که سیستم ایمنی را تضعیف می‌کند

نان سفید: نان سفید مقصر اصلی سرکوب سیستم ایمنی بدن است. نان سفید، کلوجه‌ها، کیک‌ها، رولت‌ها و... که با ذرات سفید تهیه می‌شوند دارای کالری زیاد و مواد مغذی کم هستند، بنابراین می‌توانند در افزایش وزن و خطرات مرتبط با چاقی و مقاومت به انسولین نقش داشته باشند. محصولات ساخته شده با دانه‌های تصفیه شده مانند نان سفید نیز حاوی مواد افزودنی هستند که می‌توانند روی سیستم ایمنی بدن نقش داشته باشند.
آب میوه: آب میوه‌های کارخانه‌ای مانند نوشابه‌ها حاوی قند بیش از حد هستند و در نتیجه با تأثیر منفی بر سلامت قلب و عروق، خطر دیابت، افزایش وزن بدن و چاقی مرتبط بوده و طبق بررسی‌های اخیر حتی خطر

قرار گیره، ادامه داد: تنها راه مقابله با کرونا ساخت واکسن است و با وجود اینکه تمام دنیا سعی در انجام این کار دارند، اما تا کنون خبری از واکسن این بیماری نیست. محرز در خصوص تجویز انواع دارو‌ها برای درمان بیماری کرونا عنوان کرد: در ایران و به ویژه در بیمارستان‌های دانشگاهی که در زمان اوج این بیماری مبتلایان زیادی بستری می‌شدند، در مورد تجویز دارو مطالعاتی صورت گرفت که البته مقطعی بود و روی تعداد کمی از بیماران انجام شد و نمی‌توانست معیار صد درصد باشد. وی افزود: در دنیا هیچ داروی انتخابی برای درمان کرونا وجود ندارد، اما در این مورد مطالعات بسیاری انجام شده است، در یکی از این مطالعات روی ۵ هزار بیمار کار شده است و نتایجی هم به دست آمده، اما هنوز داروی قطعی

انجام تست آنتی بادی توصیه نمی‌شود

یک متخصص بیماری‌های عفونی گفت: انجام تست آنتی بادی را توصیه نمی‌کنم چرا که این تست نیازمند تفسیر درست توسط پزشک است و بعضی اوقات منفی یا مثبت کاذب را نشان می‌دهد که در دردهای زیادی به همراه دارد. مینو محرز در مورد انجام تست آنتی بادی بیان کرد: من تقریباً انجام تست آنتی بادی را توصیه نمی‌کنم چرا که این تست نیازمند تفسیر درست توسط پزشک است و بعضی اوقات منفی یا مثبت کاذب را نشان می‌دهد که در دردهای زیادی به همراه دارد. مینو محرز در مورد انجام تست آنتی بادی بیان کرد: من تقریباً انجام تست آنتی بادی را توصیه نمی‌کنم چرا که این تست نیازمند تفسیر درست توسط پزشک است و بعضی اوقات منفی یا مثبت کاذب را نشان می‌دهد که در دردهای زیادی به همراه دارد. مینو محرز در مورد انجام تست آنتی بادی بیان کرد: من تقریباً انجام تست آنتی بادی را توصیه نمی‌کنم چرا که این تست نیازمند تفسیر درست توسط پزشک است و بعضی اوقات منفی یا مثبت کاذب را نشان می‌دهد که در دردهای زیادی به همراه دارد.

گزارش

۸ نوشیدنی که به سلامت بدن ما کمک می‌کند



۱. می‌تواند به ویژه برای مبتلایان به دیابت نوع ۲ مفید باشد. چای سبز لیمو اویشن گرم و آرامش دهنده را امتحان کنید.
۲. آب انار آب انار طبیعی یکی از نوشیدنی‌های مغذی در قفسه‌های سوپر مارکت است. این آب میوه ترش سرشار از آنتی اکسیدان است که به محافظت از سلول‌ها در برابر آسیب و همچنین به کاهش التهاب کمک می‌کند، که ممکن است به تسکین دادن برخی از انواع ورم مفاصل کمک کند. همچنین سرشار از ویتامین C تقویت کننده سیستم ایمنی برای مقابله با سرماخوردگی است.
۳. آب لیمو آب لیمو فقط یک چاشنی است؟ دوباره فکر کنید. آب لیمو یک تقویت کننده سیستم ایمنی بدن است که به طرز شگفت آوری قدرتمند است. فقط ۲ قاشق غذاخوری لیمو داخل یک لیوان آب، ۱۴ میلی گرم ویتامین C دارد. احتمالاً آب لیمو را بهتر از آب معمولی می‌نوشید زیرا مزه بهتری دارد و به آب سانی کمک می‌کند.
۴. آب نارگیل طعم این آب گرمسیری کمی بحث برانگیز است. برخی از مردم آن را دوست دارند، و برخی از آن متنفر هستند. اما هیچ بحثی در مورد این مسئله وجود ندارد که نوشیدن آن می‌تواند بدن را هیدراته کند و مقدار پتاسیم غافلگیرکننده‌ای را تأمین کند. پتاسیم نقش مهمی در حفظ ضربان قلب و تنظیم فشار خون دارد.
۵. شکلات داغ چه شکلی است؟ اگر می‌کرد دسر بتواند مغذی باشد؟ همه ما در مورد فواید سلامتی کاکائو شنیده ایم، اما نوشیدنی آن غنی از آنتی اکسیدان است که در هنگام مخلوط کردن با

نوشیدنی سالم چیست و چرا برای ما اهمیت دارد که نوشیدنی‌های سالمی بخوریم؟ آیا نوشیدنی‌های مفید ساده‌ای در دسترس ما قرار دارد؟ وقتی به نوشیدنی سالم فکر می‌کنیم احتمالاً فوراً به یاد آب می‌افتیم که هم فواید زیادی دارد و هم ما را از تناسب وزن دور نمی‌کند. اما نوشیدنی‌های سالم دیگری هم وجود دارند که برای سلامتی شما مزیت‌های فوق العاده‌ای دارند. برای کشف این نوشیدنی‌ها، راهنمای زیر را دنبال کنید:

۱. چای سبز به دلیل فواید سلامتی خود در کشورهای آسیایی مورد استقبال قرار گرفته است. چای سبز حاوی مقادیر زیادی پلی فنول است که به نظر می‌رسد از ابتلا به برخی از سرطان‌های خاص مانند سرطان پستان و سرطان پروستات جلوگیری می‌کند. مطالعات نشان می‌دهد که چای سبز همچنین می‌تواند به کاهش قند خون بعد از غذا کمک کند.

Export of oil products from Shahid Rajaei Port to increase by 30%

Once the three platforms under construction are completed in Shahid Rajaei Port in southern Iran, the export capacity of oil products from the port is expected to rise by 30%, according to a local official.

Allahmorad Afifipour, the director of Bushehr Province Department of Ports and Maritime Organization, made the remarks speaking to reporters on Sunday.

Noting that the three platforms are being constructed by Iranian experts, the official said that the construction project has had a 44% physical progress.

More than 100 Iranian experts are working on the construction project since three years ago, Afifipour said.

He said that once the platforms are completed, it will enable three 100,000-ton ships to dock at the port at the same time.

The official said that with inauguration of the three platforms, the total platforms and jetties of the province will rise up to 16.

Tehran to launch new flight to Manchester, UK, as of July 4

Airline of the Islamic Republic of Iran (IranAir) is to launch a new connection flight from Tehran to Manchester, the UK, as of July 4.

The new flight will take place every Saturdays, IranAir has stated.

And the return flight will be launched from Manchester in the same day.

Iranian airlines has over seven flights to different European cities including Milan in Italy, Stockholm in Sweden, London in the United Kingdom, Madrid in Spain and Düsseldorf in Germany.

Some parts of IranAir's plan for increasing flights to Europe were postponed after the Dec 2019 outbreak of the coronavirus pandemic across the world.

For more information, the passenger can visit www.ebooking.iranair.com.

Iran-Azerbaijan Friendship Bridge to turn Khoda Afarin into exports hub: official

The Friendship Bridge between Islamic Republic of Iran and Republic of Azerbaijan will turn Khoda Afarin city into the exports hub in the country.

Chief Executive of Aras Free Trade-Industrial Zone Organization Mohsen Nariman in a meeting with councilors of Khoda Afarin city on Sat. said that construction of Iran-Azerbaijan Friendship Bridge, in addition to activating Khoda Afarin Customs, will pave suitable way for the promotion of exports and prosperity of the region.

He pointed to the use of all existing capacities and potentials for realizing objectives of the current year's motto entitled 'surge in production' and added, "all-out unity, cooperation and empathy between people and officials for activating Khoda Afarin Customs is the issue that is of paramount importance and can play a significant role in realizing objectives of surge in production."

Attracting domestic and foreign investors as well as supporting them should be put a top agenda in order to bring about prosperity and create new employment opportunities in the region, he emphasized.

As large as 56,000 ha land area, Aras Free Zone is located at 130km northwest of Tabriz and shares borders with the republics of Armenia, Azerbaijan and Autonomous Republic of Nakhichevan.

» License Owner & Managing director: Reza Mahzunieh
 » Editor-in-Chief: Marzie Rabiei
 » Assistant Editor-in-Chief of English Section: Bahare Yousefi
 » Isfahan Office: Hoora Building, Shahid Mofateh Street, Ahmad Abad Square, Isfahan, Iran
 » Tel: 031-32274500
 » Public Relations: 031-32274754

» Organization of advertisement: 031-32274517, 32274518, 32274512, 32274505.
 Fax: 031-32274507, 32274511
 » Lithography and printing: Golriz
 » Isfahan subscribers Office: 031-32274508
 » website: esfahan-news.com
 » SMS: 30007232



Iran should take back gas market from the U.S.'s control; official

"Iran and India have had good historical and amicable ties and Indians can count on Iran's exports so we must take back the gas market from the U.S.'s control," a former secretary-general of gas exporting countries forum told ILNA.



In an exclusive interview with ILNA news agency on Saturday, Mohammad Hossein Adeli

said that Iran with its huge gas reserves and proximity to those countries deserves to have a better share of those markets, especially with India.

He added "Talks with countries like India have always come to a halt under the U.S. threats or incentives and today the U.S. itself is ready to provide those countries with LNG and its ally Qatar has also done so.

Referring to Turkey's policies in the region, the Iranian official said that Iran should do it best in order to save Turkey's gas market and it is not the



right time for criticism and all should help the oil ministry to manage its policies in order to earn more money for the country.

"Iran should do its best to save Turkey's export market because Turkey once thought about the transit of Iran's gas to Europe and its earnings but now due to the drastic developments in the gas market geopolitically, Turkey considers itself a key player and it wants to take advantage of it."

He added that it is not a good approach that some try to hinder the export of gas and call for export of petrochemical exports and it should be changed. He admitted that this approach has put political pressure on decision-makers and has obstructed the country from its presence in the gas export markets.

The economic analyst stressed that the competition between Russia and the U.S. for ruling Europe's gas

market has provided this opportunity for Ankara to carry out the TurkStream pipeline with Moscow in order that Russia can sell its gas to Eastern Europe via Turkey.

Adeli also urged "The foreign ministry to rush for helping the oil ministry for saving its international markets," adding that Iran should set its policies based on international competition rather than internal political competitions and criticisms.

Turkey's standing in gas pipeline games; Expert

A senior expert in the field of energy Morteza Behroozifar told "Turkey does not want to be a transit route for Iranian gas." Speaking to ILNA news correspondent, the energy expert referred to reduce gas consumption in Turkey and said that Turkey's main energy policy is only to buy gas from Iran and re-export it.

"Turkey's policy is to introduce itself as a regional gas trade hub, it means that Ankara wants to buy gas from neighboring countries and re-export it to European countries."

"By launching smart game

between Iran, Azerbaijan, and Russia, Turkey is looking to pay a better price for gas," he added. Turkey will be able to avail of cheaper natural gas through the new TurkStream pipeline that will begin operating in the coming month, Professor Salih Yilmaz, president of Ankara based think-tank institute of Russian studies (RUSEN) told Anadolu Agency. Behroozifar confirmed that maybe that's why the exploded pipeline is not repaired up to now.

Natural gas exports from Iran to Turkey were halted in March after an explosion and fire at a pipeline just inside the Turkish border. Iran is Turkey's second-biggest supplier of natural gas after Russia. The Turkish



state gas importer Botas imports up to 9.6 Bcm/year of Iranian gas via the pipeline under a 25-year contract, which runs to July 2026. The Former Secretary General of Gas Exporting Countries Forum Mohammad Hossein Adeli said to ILNA in another interview

that Iran should do its best to save Turkey's export market because Turkey once thought about the transit of Iran's gas to Europe but now due to the drastic developments in the gas market geopolitically, Turkey considers itself a key player and it wants to take advantage of it.

NO 512

Sudoku

Solution: NO 511

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | 7 | | |
| | | | | 2 | 4 |
| | 2 | | | | 9 |
| | 4 | | | | |
| 6 | | | 5 | | 8 |
| 1 | | | | | |
| | | 4 | 2 | | 7 |
| | 5 | | | | 1 |
| 3 | | 9 | | | |

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | 1 | 7 | 4 | 8 | 9 | 3 | 5 | 6 |
| 6 | 9 | 3 | 2 | 7 | 5 | 4 | 8 | 1 |
| 5 | 8 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 9 | 2 | 7 |
| 4 | 2 | 9 | 5 | 1 | 7 | 8 | 6 | 3 |
| 7 | 6 | 8 | 3 | 9 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 5 |
| 3 | 5 | 1 | 6 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 7 | 9 |
| 8 | 3 | 5 | 7 | 2 | 1 | 6 | 9 | 4 |
| 1 | 7 | 2 | 9 | 6 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 8 |
| 9 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 5 | 3 | 7 | 1 | 2 |

News

Iran launches large container ship liner to Kuwait

Iran launched a new container ship liner to Kuwait from the southern Iranian port city of Bushehr, a local official said on Sunday.

Korshid Gazderazi, the head of Bushehr Chamber of Commerce, the container ship liner has been allocated for export of fruits and vegetables.

He said that the container ship operating between Iran and Kuwait is capable to load some 150 containers, 25 of which are refrigerator containers.



The container ship can be even replaced with a larger cargo ship if deemed necessary, the official said.

He said that Iran is mulling launching a container ship liner between Bushehr and Qatar as well.



Agricultural sector boosts economic growth in sanctions period: Khavazi

Minister of Agriculture said that agricultural sector increased economic growth of the country in sanctions period.

Speaking in today's open session of the Parliament, Kazem Khavazi stated that the agricultural sector showed that it can increase the country's economic growth 'positively' and also can spur the country's resilience against sanctions.

While briefing on a report about the measures taken by his ministry, he reiterated, "agricultural sector is one of the sectors that has been 'effective and influential' in the fields of production, employment and sustainability of the environment greatly."

The agricultural sector accounts for eight percent of gross domestic national [GNP] which is estimated at over \$40 billion, he said, adding, "if posterior and anterior portions of agricultural sector's share are considered, the added growth of gross national product [GNP] will hit 32.5 percent at large."

He pointed to the sanctions imposed against the country over the past years and added, "although country's oil revenues were decreased in sanctions period, agricultural sector showed that it can increase economic growth of the country optimally." Sustainable presence of producers in the production cycle, increase of revenues and making country's food balance 'positive' are of the most important policy in the agricultural sector, minister of agriculture highlighted.

Iran Still in First Wave of Coronavirus: Health Minister

Iranian Health Minister Saeed Namaki said the country is still grappling with the first wave of the coronavirus pandemic, saying the peak of the complicated disease has not passed yet.

In remarks at an online meeting with the presidents of the Iranian universities of medical sciences, Namaki said Iran is dealing with the first wave of the coronavirus epidemic. The form of the first wave of coronavirus in every province may be different from the other provinces, the minister noted.

"We must believe and notify people that the coronavirus is not over. The peak of the disease has not passed. The coronavirus is a tricky virus with a hundred thousand faces. A protocol for treatment may be effectual in one region, but ineffective in another area," the minister explained.

The coronavirus is very complicated and still unknown, Namaki added, saying the virus shows extremely different behavior in various climates and among various races. On Saturday, Iranian President Hassan Rouhani called on people to keep observing the health protocols to contain the spread of the novel coronavirus, since the disease is not going to fade away in the short term.

The virus is not going to disappear and it could not be eradicated in the short term either, the president noted, saying there is also no solution to full immunity to the infection.

The Health Ministry announced on Friday that the total number of people tested positive for COVID-19 in Iran has risen to 202,584, of whom more than 161,000 have recovered from the infection and have been discharged from hospitals.

VP: Iran's Situation Unaffected by IAEA Resolution

Iran's First Vice-President played down the seriousness of a resolution that the IAEA Board of Governors has adopted on Tehran, saying the Islamic Republic does not attach any significance to such resolutions whose purpose is to mount psychological pressure on Iranians.

In a meeting with a group of Energy Ministry officials on Saturday, Eshaq Jahangiri said the resolutions passed by the International Atomic Energy Agency do not have any "determining role" for Iran. "Our country which has withstood the harshest pressures from sanctions in various energy, trade, transportation and banking

sectors does not place any value on it (the IAEA resolution), and such resolutions won't have any serious effect on the country's situation," he added.

Denouncing the Western states for initiating the anti-Iran resolution in the IAEA Board of Governors, Jahangiri said Westerners seek to portray an insecure psychological atmosphere against the Iranian nation.

"They want to maintain the psychological burden of sanctions in order to worry the people, investors and producers in the country," the vice president added.

Iran's permanent representative to international organizations in Vienna, Kazem Gharibabadi, has already slammed the IAEA Board of Governors for adopting a resolution against Tehran, saying

that Tehran will take "appropriate action" in response.

The resolution, submitted by France, Germany, and the United Kingdom, was adopted by a vote of 25 to 2 with 7 abstentions. It comes at a time when the United States is working to extend an arms embargo against Iran.

Iran's Foreign Ministry spokesman Abbas Mousavi on Monday regretted that the IAEA has chosen to ignore Tehran's long history of cooperation, warning that a new resolution "would somehow complicate Iran's cooperation with the agency".



Principles of slavery still at core of US' socio-economic order: Prof. Ball

An American professor believes that slavery has never been abolished in the United States as its principles are still active in society.



Where do you think these protests across the US will eventually lead to? Do you see any hope for a change of behavior towards African Americans?

It is always hard to say where protests like these might go. However, historical precedent would suggest that due to insufficient organization in preparation for protracted struggle and without an electoral political outlet to develop public policy solutions which will truly satisfy the underlying conditions of these protests that the outcomes will be largely symbolic. Already there have been more killings by police of Black people since the uprisings occurred and no politician has voiced a plan to redistribute national resources to Black communities, instead the leading "opponent" to Trump, Joe Biden, says he wants to increase funding to police by at least \$300 million. So, no, there is no evidence of meaningful changes in behavior to African America. Why do you think the United States has failed to abolish the culture that has grown out of long years of slavery?

The first reason, of course, is that slavery has never been abolished and its principles (if not practice) remain at the core of this country's social and economic order. The 13th Amendment only requires that conviction of a crime precede legal enslavement, and as many have pointed out since, capitalism is contemporary enslavement of working people with Black people most exploited still. More Black people are imprisoned or in various stages of parole and probation than were held in bondage at the height of slavery



and produce more wealth for the owners of this economy than ever under previous forms of enslavement.

3. What do you believe the world can do to help African-Americans and eliminate the structural racism in the US?

The best way to help with structural racism in the U.S. would be for those around the world to be honest about and address their own anti-Black/anti-African attitudes. The U.S. is far from alone and we know that throughout the European, Asian, Arab and Persian worlds there is plenty of often-denied anti-Blackness and histories which look to distort, omit or diminish the role of African people in the development of world civilization and ideas. We certainly do not want focus on the U.S. to provide cover for the gross and rampant racism currently existing elsewhere. Of even greater help would be if countries around the world made this attack on structural racism substantive and material by finding ways to redistribute resources of their countries to address legacies of anti-Blackness; erase debt, provide housing, lands, healthcare, education, etc. Show the U.S. what real change looks like, beyond symbol. That would help the struggle here.

4. European countries have kept silent on recent developments in the US despite

the fact they are among the first to express worry for human rights issues in other regions, such as West Asia. What is your take on this?

Little different from what I said above. Everyone has been silent and hypocritical on this and related issues. Everyone is happy to point to another to say, "shame!" But I have been all over the world myself and even were this not true I can easily follow a wide array of news in the world to see that nowhere on the planet are African people, Black people safe, equal or in power over the resources and labor they provide others. The world is guilty.

5. How do you assess Trump's response to what goes on in the US as records show his tendency towards white supremacy and many believe his tweets are fueling the protests?

The president's response is consistent in their disregard for Black people and the poor but I do not think his tweets are fueling the protests. White supremacy, anti-Blackness, capitalism and state/police violence are what drives the protests.

6. How can these developments affect the upcoming presidential election in the US? The worst impact on the election created by pandemics of viruses and economic realities is that people here

will be encouraged to see the Democratic Party and Joe Biden as a solution, as change, as the only option which will, unfortunately, lead us in many ways right back to where we were and were heading before. Biden and his party presided over and supported the rise of a militarized police, of expansion of war, even with Iran, the destruction of universal healthcare, an advance in surveillance and erasures of civil liberties. And yet they and he (Biden) are being re(presented) as progress and hope. Our ability to raise new questions, develop new approaches to electoral politics and how we arrange our society for the better is all going to continue to suffer as our imagination is, again, being suffocated beneath calls for "pragmatism" in the face of a nightmare second term of Trump.

Jared A. Ball is an associate professor of Multiplatform Production at Morgan State University in Baltimore and author of "The Myth and Propaganda of Black Buying Power." He is also editor of "A Lie of Reinvention: Correcting Manning Marable's Malcolm X," a founder of "mixtape radio" and "mixtape journalism" and the author of many writings at www.IMixWhatILike.org. Interview by Mohammad Ali Haqshenas

NEWS

Parl. urges government to stop implementing Additional Protocol

Iranian lawmakers vehemently condemned the new resolution passed by the IAEA Board of Governors against Iran, calling on the government to stop implementing the Additional Protocol in response.

The "Islamic Republic of Iran, as a country that has had the highest level of cooperation and transparency with the IAEA in 50 years of NPT, considers IAEA Board of Governor's resolution as an excessive demand," reads a statement signed by 240 parliamentarians on Sunday.

Iran has implemented the Additional Protocol voluntarily and not based on its commitments, noted the MPs, adding that during the past five years, IAEA has had the strictest inspections on Iranian cities based on the protocol.

The statement comes as, on June 19, the International Atomic Energy Agency's Board of Governors adopted a resolution drafted by the UK, France and Germany calling on Iran to grant the IAEA access to two locations amid allegations of undeclared nuclear activities.

Appreciating the stance of those countries who have not backed this scandal, lawmakers noted that this non-binding resolution is a sign of a dominating culture that rules over the IAEA. European countries' pressure for the 'so-called preservation' of the JCPOA shows that they have had an unconstructive view towards the rights of the Iranian people and have assumed the JCPOA as a tool to pursue their own aims, adds the statement.

The approval of E3-proposed resolution proves that these countries have "once again stumbled into the US and Israeli regime's trap", striking another blow to multilateralism, adds the statement.

The Iranian Parliament believes succumbing to such a 'political blackmailing' equals establishing a wrong approach in accepting the culture of 'dominance' that will lead to increased structural discrimination in the NPT, according to MPs.

Iran to dampen fight against drugs transit if intl. bodies fail to support: official

An official with Iran Drug Control Headquarters said on Sunday that despite the fact that Iran is the leading country in the fight against illicit drugs, international organizations have failed to support this fight. "Negligence of international organizations and European countries will make Iran decrease its activities in [drug] transit sector," said Naser Aslani, deputy head of Iran Drug Control Headquarters in international affairs. "What disaster do you think will happen in Europe if Iran overlooks trafficking of 30 tons morphine and 23 tons heroin?" he framed. Iran broke the record of drug confiscation last year with seizing 950 tons of different illicit drugs, he said. Today, Afghanistan police only seize some 200-300 tons of drugs despite the fact that it is the source of consignments, Aslani said, adding, "This shows that Iran is a victim of drugs." More than 76% of drugs last year have been discovered through intelligence operation which has decreased financial and human costs, the official noted.

News

UK Accused of Selling Arms to Saudi Arabia A Year after Court Ban

The British government stands accused of ignoring a landmark court ruling restricting UK arms sales to Saudi Arabia, a report said.

In a judgment handed down a year ago, the court of appeal ruled it was "unlawful" for the UK government to have allowed the sale of arms to the kingdom for use in its war against Yemen, where independent estimates suggest a Saudi-led coalition has been responsible for the deaths of more than 1,000 civilians since 2015, The Guardian reported.

The ruling barred the government from approving any new licenses to Saudi Arabia and forced it to review the decisions on existing ones, a process the Department for International Trade said would take it "up to several months".

But, a year on, these licenses continue to operate, allowing for the export of fighter jet components and aircraft maintenance. The aerospace giant BAE, the UK's largest arms exporter to the kingdom, confirmed in its 2019 report that it continues to fulfill its 2018 Typhoon support services contract.

Now, in a letter to international trade secretary Liz Truss, her Labour shadow Emily Thornberry and members of other opposition parties claim, "we are left to assume that - despite being ordered to review these licenses by the courts, and having 12 months to do so - your department has simply chosen not to comply".

They warn the government that its apparent failure to comply "creates the illogical situation where a UK company that applies for a license today will have that application rejected, but another company that was granted its license prior to 20 June last year may export exactly the same arms without restriction".

The UK has licensed the sale of arms worth over £5.3bn to



Saudi Arabia since the Saudi-led war against Yemen campaign began. Andrew Smith, of Campaign Against the Arms Trade, said, "The UK government has consistently put arms company interests ahead of the rights and lives of people in Yemen. The government has proven that it cannot be trusted to implement its own rules."

ISFAHAN NEWS

The First Bilingual Economic Newspaper In Isfahan Province

20000 Rials

Monday, June 22, 2020
No. 526

Mainland China Reports 26 New COVID-19 Cases Including 22 in Beijing

Mainland China reported on Sunday 26 new confirmed coronavirus cases for June 20, down from 27 a day earlier, driven largely by the latest outbreak of COVID-19 in the Chinese capital. Of the new infections, 22 were in Beijing, the National Health Commission said in a statement, the same as a day earlier, Reuters reported. The city of more than 20 million people reported its first case in the latest wave on June 11. The resurgence has been linked to a wholesale food center in the southwest of Beijing. So far, 227 people in the city have been infected in the latest outbreak. Mainland China reported six new asymptomatic cases, those who are infected with the coronavirus but show no symptoms, down from seven a day earlier. Beijing accounted for three of the new cases.



Headlines

VP: Iran's Situation Unaffected by IAEA Resolution

5

Parl. urges government to stop implementing Additional Protocol

5

Agricultural sector boosts economic growth in sanctions period: Khavazi

4

CALL TO PRAYER TIME IN ISFAHAN

Morning call to prayer:

04:16:50

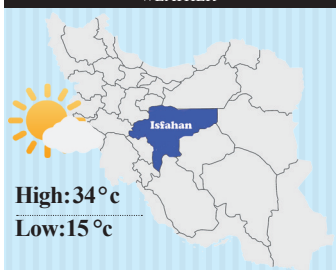
Noon call to prayer:

13:05:28

Evening call to prayer:

20:34:36

WEATHER



Sixth Iranian ship en route to Venezuela carrying food: envoy

Iranian Ambassador to Caracas Hojjatollah Soltani said the sixth Iranian ship en route to Venezuela is carrying food.

"The sixth Iranian ship moving toward the Venezuelan coast is carrying food," Soltani said in an interview with Lebanese Almayadeen news network on Saturday.

According to reports, Iran has dispatched another merchant ship to Venezuela despite Washington's threats against both nations.

Washington Post stated an Iranian ship 'Golsan' is expected to dock in Venezuela soon, an arrival that comes shortly after the five tankers loaded with gasoline delivered to Venezuela.

The vessel is expected to anchor in Venezuelan ports on Sunday or Monday.



Iran should take back gas market from the U.S.'s control; official

4

Qalibaf says Iran has bright record of cooperation with IAEA

Iran's Majlis (Parliament) Speaker Mohammad Baqer Qalibaf said on Sunday that Iran has always been the most generous partner of the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) in terms of the Agency's Safeguards and national interests, but it has achieved nothing but more hostility and more ransom.

"This is a decisive demand of the nation and is agreed upon by the authorities, and there will be no other way in the coming months."

Speaking before the formal session of Parliament on Sunday, Mohammad Baqer Qalibaf said: "Our dear nation is aware that there have been discussions on the nuclear issue at the political and media levels in recent days."

The first thing I want to emphasize is that in the past few days, Western countries, especially the United States, and unfortunately some European countries, have once again shown their unreliable and hostile nature to the Iranian nation and proved to all of us for the tenth time that preserving the rights and dignity of the Iranian nation and ensuring the progress and peace of Iran, there is no other way but to stand up and resist intelligently and with

revolutionary tact and wisdom, he added. Emphasizing that the Iranian nation has chosen the path of active resistance, he added: "This is a decisive demand of the nation and is agreed upon by the authorities, and there will be no other way in the coming months."

"The next issue is the nuclear issue and the developments over the recent weeks and a resolution that was issued by the US and Zionist regimes and the treacherous actions of European countries against Iran at IAEA Board of Governors."

"I explicitly declare that the Parliament, as the protector of the nation's rights, accepts cooperation only for cooperation, and on this basis, we ask the Atomic Energy Organization and the Ministry of Foreign Affairs to design an appropriate response to this action as soon as possible."

"We appreciate the goodwill of Russia and China for this resolution and remind some neighboring countries that have been plagued by Western mischief that they are eternal neighbors and that the benefits of cooperation with the United States and Europe are short-lived," Qalibaf said.

French Ballistic Missile Test Runs Counter to NPT Obligations: Iran

Iran's Foreign Ministry spokesman expressed concern about France's recent testing of a ballistic missile capable of carrying several nuclear warheads, saying it runs counter to French commitment to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons.

The French Navy's launch of a new generation of intercontinental ballistic missiles capable of carrying several nuclear warheads (dubbed M51 missile) was

totally in contravention of the spirit and the text of Article VI of the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons (NPT) and of France's commitment to nuclear disarmament, Seyed Abbas Mousavi said in a statement on Saturday.

"The Islamic Republic of Iran's government expresses concern about such measure, believes that the French government must not ignore its international commitments under the Article VI of the NPT and declaration of the NPT Review Conferences, and calls on Paris to fully honor its international commitments to

nuclear disarmament," Mousavi added.

He finally slammed nuclear weapons as a threat to international peace and security, noting that renovation and testing of such weapons would undermine the NPT as the cornerstone of the international nuclear disarmament and non-proliferation regime.

The French Ministry of Armed Forces announced on June 12 the launch of an M51 submarine-launched ballistic missile (SLBM) from Le Téméraire, a Triumphant-class nuclear-powered ballistic missile submarine.

American people's anger and Trump's threat against protesters

Racial discrimination gained momentum during US President Donald Trump administration and led to waves of protests and widespread unrest across the United States so that Trump threatened to use military crackdown against the protesters.

"To the American people: The world has heard your outcry over the state of oppression. The world is standing with you. The American regime is pursuing violence and bullying at home and abroad."

Demonstrators in America staged protest against racism, the protests were public reaction against cold-blood killing of Black people by Police.

Recently, a black American citizen, George Floyd, has been killed at the hand of the US police while he was unarmed.

To deal with anti-racism protests, Police and Army forces have come to the scene to suppress the protests.

They even fired tear gas at the demonstrators in front of the White House.

Anti-racism demonstrators in America tore down more statues including the one belonged to the writer of America's national anthem and also personalities whose works led to ending slavery.

In San Francisco's Golden Gate Park along the Pacific Ocean, protesters sprayed red paint and wrote "slave owner" on pedestals before using ropes to bring down the statues and drag them down grassy slopes amid cheers and applause, according to foreign media.

Officials, civil activists and analysts across the world have reacted to mass demonstrations in the United States.

Iraqi researcher Zoha al-Khaldi has recently told IRNA that the US is a country introduces itself as the biggest power in the world; meanwhile, it does not look after the lives of its citizens and orders crackdown on the freedom-seeking demands. Such measures indicate that the current US administration does not care about lives of people and shatters human dignity.

In a related development, spokesman for the Iranian Foreign Ministry Abbas Mousavi stated in first June that the world has stood by the American people and heard their voice of oppression.

"To the American people: The world has heard your outcry over the state of oppression. The world is standing with you. The American regime is pursuing violence and bullying at home and abroad."

Also on June 4, Iranian President Hassan Rouhani talked of the death of Floyd, saying that it makes no difference whether the one killed in the US was Muslim, Christian, American or non-American, the major issue is that the US police committed a deliberate homicide, and it is a strange story that tells us that humans are still far from civilization.

Iranian universities to hold both online and in-person classes from September 5th

The Deputy Minister of Education, Science, Research and Technology Ali Khaki Sedigh said on Sunday that the universities and educational centers will hold both online and in-person classes from the beginning of the academic year on September 5. Speaking to IRNA on Sunday

Khaki said that the reopening of universities and educational centers on September 5, which was declared by the president yesterday as per a proposal from the Ministry of Science.

Referring to the readiness for accommodating the students by universities from September 5, he added that flexibility has been envisaged for initiating the new academic semester by different universities. There may be different

convenience for starting the semester by every independent university.

He further noted that it is up to the universities to decide how the classes will be held and which courses will be included in online or in-person classes.

Since the outbreak of the coronavirus, the country's universities have used e-learning to complete the current academic semester.

