

# اخبار اصفهان



## ذخایر ارزی نفت کجاست رود؟

از عملکرد حدود ۳۷ میلیارد دلاری ارزی از محل صندوق توسعه ملی بیشترین سهم به بخش خصوصی و کمترین به تعاونی‌ها اختصاص دارد. حدود هشت سال از فعالیت صندوق توسعه ملی می‌گذرد که برای ذخیره بخشی از ارزهای ناشی از فروش نفت در هر سال ایجاد شد تا ضمن اینکه بتواند محلی برای ذخایر ارزی نفتی باشد در توسعه کشور از طریق بخش‌های غیر دولتی نیز مورد استفاده قرار گیرد. بر این اساس سالانه بخشی از منابع صندوق به دو صورت ریالی و ارزی طی فرایندی و از کانال بانک‌های عامل به‌صورت تسهیلات در اختیار متقاضیان قرار می‌گیرد...

مدیر کل تعاون، کار و رفاه اجتماعی استان اصفهان اعلام کرد:

### ثبت نام ۴۴ هزار نفر در بیکاری استان برای دریافت بیمه

مدیرکل تعاون، کار و رفاه اجتماعی استان اصفهان با اشاره به ثبت نام ۴۴ هزار نفر برای دریافت بیمه بیکاری در استان در پی شیوع کرونا، گفت: تا امروز تعداد بیشتری ثبت نام کرده‌اند، اما بعد است آمار این افراد به بیش از ۵۰ هزار نفر برسد، چرا که دیگر زمانی برای افراد بیکار شده وجود ندارد.

محسن نیرومند در خصوص ثبت نام کارگرانی که به دلیل شیوع کرونا بیکار شده‌اند، در سایت وزارت کار برای دریافت بیمه بیکاری، اظهار کرد: این سایت هنوز فعال است و افراد...

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### چرا کمپین‌های ضد تحریم ایران بسیار مهم هستند؟

۱- پس از شیوع کرونا یک کمپین مشترک بین المللی علیه تحریم‌های آمریکا علیه ایران به راه افتاد که سه ضلع اصلی داشت. نخست کشورهای خارجی بطور خاص چین و پاکستان و بعدتر نامه چند کشور به دبیرکل سازمان ملل، دوم دولت ایران با محوریت وزارت خارجه و همراهی رئیس‌جمهور محترم و سوم بخش‌هایی از جامعه نخبگانی ایران.

۲- پس از به راه افتادن این دسته کمپین‌های همپوشان، دو نوع واکنش از دو سبب طیف بر علیه کمپین رخ داد. کسانی بخش دولتی آن را صرفاً سیگنال‌دهی از سر ضعف برای باز کردن باب مذاکره با آمریکا دانستند. (دکتر روحانی قبلاً چنین استنباهایی مرتکب شده‌اند). دیگری تمسخر کردند که چطور کسانی در ایران فکر می‌کنند با نامه نگاری و طومار نویسی ممکن است قلب ترامپ به رحم آید و در تحریم‌های چند لایه ایران... ادامه در صفحه ۲



دولت هنوز اقدامی برای مشاغل متضرر انجام نداده است؛

## دستور العمل‌ها همچنان بدون خروجی

رئیس اتاق اصناف اصفهان: دولت فقط قول داده چرا که هیچ اقدامی برای گروه‌های صنفی متضرر انجام نشده است و حد اعلام نظرهایی بوده که از صداوسیما مطرح می‌شده که چگونگی دستور العمل‌های آن هم هیچ خروجی در برداشته است

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گزارش

### بهار اصفهان و رنگارنگی که سد را پر نمی‌کند



داشت؛ با وجود بارش‌های اخیر حجم مخزن سد زاینده‌رود به یک سوم رسیده است.

وی در بارش اینک میزان بارش‌های سال جاری آبی در سرشاخه‌های زاینده‌رود ۱۰۵۹ میلی‌متر بوده است. افزود: میزان بارش‌ها در مدت مشابه سال گذشته ۲۰۴۰ و در متوسط بلندمدت ۱۲۵۰ میلی‌متر بوده است.

مدیرکل هواشناسی استان اصفهان نیز در همین راستا به لزوم مدیریت صحیح منابع آبی تأکید کرد. خورشیدی گفت: همانطور که می‌دانیم مدیریت منابع آبی شامل زنجیره پیش بینی مقدار بارش‌ها، مدیریت سدها، مدیریت سیلاب‌ها، حفظ حریم رودخانه‌ها، مدیریت مصرف در بخش‌های مختلف از جمله خانگی، کشاورزی، صنعت و... است و همانطور که می‌دانیم استان اصفهان نیز یکی از مهم‌ترین مسائلی که با آن درگیر است مسئله آب است. وی افزود: با توجه به تغییرات اقلیمی که در دنیا در حال رخ دادن است و کشور عزیزمان ایران و استان اصفهان نیز به شکل جدی با این مسئله روبرو است. مدیرکل هواشناسی استان اصفهان با بیان اینکه نوع و شدت بارش‌ها و زمان و مقدار آن با توجه به تغییرات اقلیمی در حال تغییر است، گفت: عمدتاً نوع بارش‌ها از نوع بارش‌های ملایم و مداوم به بارش‌های رگباری و کوتاه مدت تغییر کرده است و علاوه بر آن مقدار بارش‌ها نیز در حال کاهش است.

وی خاطر نشان کرد: بارش‌های ملایم و مداوم به سفره‌های زیرزمینی کمک می‌کند اما بارش‌های رگباری عمدتاً منجر به پدیده سیل می‌شود و این کاهش مقدار بارش نیز قطعاً همراه با پدیده خشکسالی خواهد بود که پیامد آن مشکلات اقتصادی و اجتماعی خواهد بود.

#### «در روزهایی که باران تسنیم بهاری میهمان فلات مرکزی ایران شده این سوال مطرح است که این بارش‌ها تا چه میزان به افزایش حجم ذخیره آب در سد زاینده‌رود کمک می‌کند.»

رعده و برق و رگبار، تگرگ و طوفان؛ آسمانی که آبی و آفتابی است ناگهان تیره و تاریک می‌شود؛ ابرها به یک باره جمع شده و چند دقیقه‌ای باران به شدت می‌بارد. نتیجه آن شستن درها و دیوارهاست؛ گاهی شکستن شاخه‌ها و روان آبی که در عرض چند دقیقه در کوچه و خیابان جاری می‌شود. دقایقی بعد اما خیرگی از ابرهای باران زانیت؛ باز هم آفتاب است که خودنمایی می‌کند. این شرح آنچه است که بر اقلیم ما در بهار می‌گذرد. امسال هم همچون سال گذشته فروردینی بارانی را در اصفهان سپری کردیم، هر چند که عمر باران‌های بهاری امسال نسبت به سال گذشته کوتاه‌تر بود اما این امیدواری را ایجاد کرد که ذخیره آبی سد زاینده‌رود افزایش پیدا کند و این یعنی تابستانی بدون نگرانی از کم آبی.

مقایسه وضعیت بارش‌ها در اصفهان امسال و سال پیش وضعیت روشن‌تر برای تحلیل شرایط آبی پیش روی ما قرار می‌دهد. آمار وی که در ۲۰ جمله خلاصه می‌شود و به شرح زیر است:

میانگین حسابی بارندگی سال جاری استان تا کنون نسبت به مدت مشابه سال قبل ۲۲ درصد کاهش داشته است.

میانگین حسابی بارندگی سال جاری استان تا کنون نسبت به میانگین بلندمدت ۱۷ درصد افزایش داشته است. میانگین حسابی بارندگی متوسط یک سال زراعی کامل استان برابر ۱۹۹ میلیمتر است. آمارها نشان می‌دهد که وضعیت بارش در استان اصفهان نسبت به بلندمدت وضعیتی بهتر است، شاید این آمارها فرضیه‌های ورود به تسلی را جدی‌تر از قبل مطرح کند. سال گذشته نیز بارش‌های سیل‌آسای بهاری، در پاییز و زمستان جای خود را به جوی آرام داد اما همان باران‌های بهاری سبب شد تا بخشی از حجم خالی سد زاینده رود پر شود. البته آنچه که قابل تامل است نوع بارش‌هاست که در مدت کوتاهی خلاصه

می‌شود. همان چیزی که لزوم مدیریت منابع آبی را پیش از هر زمان دیگری گوشزد می‌کند. بهار سال گذشته مهم‌ترین موضوع حول محور بارش‌ها در اصفهان پیرامون مدیریت منابع آبی بود که به راحتی در حال دست رفتن بود و نیازی که اصفهان به تامین آب داشت با سوء مدیریت، ارضانی می‌شد.

حسینعلی حاجی دلیگانی نماینده شاهین شهر و میمه در آن زمان جدی‌ترین واکنش را نوع مدیریت در حوزه آب داشت. وی گفت: «در حال حاضر بالغ بر ۳ هزار و ۱۰۰ مترمکعب آب شیرین در هر ثانیه از کشور وارد دریا می‌شود به‌عبارتی در یک شبانه‌روز بالغ بر ۲۶۷ میلیون مترمکعب این در حالی است که میزان آبی که قرار بود از پروژه بهشت‌آباد و اصفهان شود سالانه ۲۶۰ میلیون مترمکعب بود، آب شیرین یک‌ساله اصفهان در یک شبانه‌روز وارد دریا می‌شود».

در روزهای اخیر اصفهان شاهد بارش‌های پرکنده اما شدید بود که این امیدواری را در بین اهالی نصف جهان ایجاد کرد که حجم ذخیره زاینده‌رود به طور چشمگیری افزایش یابد. هر چند بارش‌ها در سرشاخه اصلی زاینده‌رود چندان قابل توجه نبوده اما همان مقدار بارندگی در اصفهان نیز کمک زیادی به افزایش حجم سد نکرده است و این موضوع لزوم مدیریت صحیح منابع آبی را بیش از قبل نمایان می‌سازد».

حسن ساسانی معاون حفاظت و بهره‌برداری شرکت آب منطقه‌ای اصفهان در گفت‌وگو با خبرنگار تسنیم در اصفهان پیرامون اینکه در حال حاضر حجم ورودی به سد زاینده‌رود ۱۹۳ و خروجی آن ۹۱ مترمکعب بر ثانیه است، اظهار

## آگهی مزایده عمومی

**اداره کل منابع طبیعی و آبخیزداری استان اصفهان** در نظر دارد نسبت به فروش تعداد ۴ دستگاه خودرو از طریق مزایده عمومی به خریداران واجد شرایط مذکور در اسناد مزایده با توجه به موارد ذیل اقدام نماید.

ردیف	شماره مزایده در سامانه ستاد	نوع سیستم	تیپ	رنگ	نوع کاربری	مدل	شماره شاسی	شماره پلاک
۱	۱۰۹۹۰۰۳۴۵۷۰۰۰۰۵	نیسان	دی ایکس	سفید روغنی	وانت دو کابین	۱۳۸۴	۴۱۱۷۵۷	۱۱الف۳۸۲
۲	۱۰۹۹۰۰۳۴۵۷۰۰۰۰۶	نیسان	دی ایکس	سفید روغنی	وانت دو کابین	۱۳۸۴	۴۱۱۷۶۰	۱۱الف۳۸۵
۳	۱۰۹۹۰۰۳۴۵۷۰۰۰۰۷	نیسان	دی ایکس	سفید روغنی	وانت دو کابین	۱۳۸۴	۴۱۱۷۵۸	۱۱الف۳۸۳
۴	۱۰۹۹۰۰۳۴۵۷۰۰۰۰۸	نیسان	دی ایکس	سفید روغنی	وانت دو کابین	۱۳۸۴	۴۱۱۷۵۹	۱۱الف۳۸۴

لذا از کلیه اشخاص حقیقی و حقوقی واجد شرایط دعوت می‌گردد جهت کسب اطلاعات بیشتر و ثبت نام و شرکت در مزایده فوق به سامانه تدارکات الکترونیکی دولت به نشانی [www.setadiran.ir](http://www.setadiran.ir) در مهلت تعیین شده مراجعه نمایند.

(۱) مهلت ثبت نام و دریافت اسناد: از تاریخ نشر آگهی نوبت اول تا ساعت ۱۹ روز پنجشنبه مورخ ۱۳۹۹/۰۲/۰۴

(۲) مهلت تحویل اسناد: از تاریخ سه شنبه ۱۳۹۹/۰۱/۲۶ تا ساعت ۱۳ روز شنبه ۱۳۹۹/۰۲/۰۶

(۳) زمان و محل بازگشایی پیشنهادها: یکشنبه ۱۳۹۹/۰۲/۰۷ ساعت ۸:۳۰ صبح در محل جلسات اداره کل منابع طبیعی و آبخیزداری استان اصفهان

(۴) محل تحویل اسناد مزایده: سامانه تدارکات الکترونیکی دولت به نشانی [www.setadiran.ir](http://www.setadiran.ir)

(۵) ضمانت نامه شرکت در مزایده: متقاضیان بایستی مبلغ ۱۲۰.۰۰۰.۰۰۰ ریال (یکصد و بیست میلیون ریال) به عنوان تضمین شرکت در مزایده را به حساب تمرکز وجوه سپرده شماره ۴۰۶۱۰۴۲۱۰۷۶۷۰۲۴۲ نزد بانک مرکزی ایران به نام اداره کل منابع طبیعی و آبخیزداری استان اصفهان و ارائه اصل و کپی فیش واریزی

(۶) فرم بازدید از خودروها الزاماً بایستی توسط نماینده مزایده‌گزار مستقر در محل موضوع مورد مزایده تایید و مزایده‌گر می‌بایست حتماً فرم مذکور را به همراه سایر مدارک در سامانه بارگذاری نماید. در غیر این صورت مبلغ پیشنهادی مزایده‌گر مردود اعلام می‌گردد.

(۷) برنده مزایده موظف به پرداخت نقدی مبلغ پیشنهادی به‌طور کامل و یکجای می‌باشد.

(۸) شرکت کارکنان دولت در مزایده منع قانونی ندارد و در صورت تساوی قیمت پیشنهادی، حق تقدم با کارمندان دولت می‌باشد. (ارائه مدارک معتبر همراه با پیشنهاد در سامانه الزامی می‌باشد).

(۹) در صورت برنده شدن متقاضی و انصراف وی سپرده به نفع دولت ضبط خواهد شد.

(۱۰) کلیه کسورات و هزینه‌های متعلقه به مزایده از قبیل (مالیات تکلیفی، مالیات بر ارزش افزوده، عوارض شهرداری سال ۹۹، هزینه‌های نقل و انتقال و تعویض پلاک و...) به عهده مزایده‌گر می‌باشد.

(۱۱) هزینه نشر آگهی به عهده برنده مزایده می‌باشد.

اداره کل منابع طبیعی و آبخیزداری استان اصفهان - امور پیمان‌ها





## 'Surge in Production' key to tackle economic downturn amid COVID-19

Member of Parliament Research and Education Commission Hojjatoleslam Seyyed Mohammad Bagher Ebadi on Mon. said that "Surge in Production" is the best strategy to tackle economic downturn amid pandemic. He pointed to the capability and potential of the country to overcome the coronavirus pandemic and added, "surging production is the best strategy to deal with the economic downturn caused by the outbreak."

The government should boost its economic and political ties with Eurasian and neighboring countries, he said, adding, "there is a great capacity in the region and Iran should take advantage of these capacities for confronting the US sanctions."

He termed US medical sanctions imposed against Iran 'unjust and against the human rights' and added, "despite these sanctions, Islamic Republic of Iran has high capacities and potentials and can overcome the challenges."

"Surge in Production" was the motto chosen by the Leader of the Islamic Revolution for the current year, which started March 21, 2020.

## Spaniards Resume Non-Essential Jobs despite Surge in Coronavirus Death Toll

Staff in food distribution, communications, sanitation and other non-essential sectors are now allowed to go to work in Spain, despite the country's status as the world's second-largest COVID-19 hotspot with over 17,000 deaths.

Police were handing out masks on Spanish metro trains today as factory and construction workers were allowed to resume their activities after a two-week ban, although the wider coronavirus lockdown remains in force.

These workers will be able to return to work this Monday following a 14-day self-isolation regime that saw all industries - except for healthcare and food - shut down across all of Spain, local media reported. Back in late March, the "non-essential" staff were sent on paid leave following a decision by Prime Minister Pedro Sanchez, RT reported.

With the lockdown partially lifted, schools, bars, restaurants, cultural and leisure facilities will remain closed until the COVID-19 peak has passed. The containment measures have taken a heavy toll on Spain's tourism industry and have also led to a recession in other sectors.

The news comes as Spain's daily death toll went up from 525 on Saturday to 603 on Sunday. Its total number of coronavirus casualties is now at 17,209; its pool of confirmed cases - which nears 167,000 - puts it behind only the United States.

The prospect of easing the shutdown stirred up fierce debate among the Spanish political elite, who now have to choose between reviving the economy and containing the epidemic. The government of Catalonia criticized the decision, describing it as "recklessness;" while the Madrid authorities warned that another wave of coronavirus cases would be "unforgivable."

## Razi institute launches SPF mice breeding system

Deputy head of Razi Vaccine and Serum Research Institute (RVRSRI) announced on Monday that the body has launched breeding system of Specific-pathogen-free (SPF) mice. According to Ali Ameghi Roudsari, to improve its products quality, the institute is conducting negotiations with World Health Organization (WHO) and International Council for Laboratory Animal Sciences (ICLAS). Razi Institute will be able to export its laboratory animals in future under the permission of the international bodies, he hoped.

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## COVID19-Crisis May Disrupt Food Supply Chains, Vulnerable Households: FAO

The Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) warned that in many countries informal laborers, vulnerable urban populations and others that rely heavily on the market are likely to be hit by adverse effects of the coronavirus pandemic



While the full impact of the COVID-19 crisis is still unfolding, it is clear that this outbreak will have significant negative effects on people all along the food supply chain, says a new report released by FAO.

Reduced or lost wages and unstable prices would have serious implications for acute food security and malnutrition levels in these populations.

The report indicates that while there is enough supply of food in the world to feed everyone, the COVID-19 outbreak has the potential to disrupt critical food supply chains severely, both between countries and inside countries in rural and urban areas.

This situation is likely to have



significant adverse effects on the most vulnerable actors, such as informal laborers, vulnerable urban populations and others that rely heavily on the market to meet their food needs. Reduced or lost wages and unstable prices would have serious implications for acute food security and malnutrition levels in these populations. These impacts could

potentially lead vulnerable households to resort to negative coping mechanisms, including a reduced number of meals, increased school drop-out rates, reduced means to cover health expenditures, gender-based violence, selling off productive assets, etc.

In this context, FAO has reviewed its ongoing humanitarian/resilience programming in different

countries and analyzed the potential impacts of the virus in order to ensure continuous support for the most vulnerable and anticipatory actions to address the secondary effects of the virus. As such, FAO tries to maintain the provision of critical assistance where there are already high levels of need while meeting new ones emerging from the effects of the coronavirus.

## Digital Marketing Services

Digital marketing is the new goldmine. It takes your business right to where the audience is and draws attention to your products and services like never before.

What is digital marketing?

Digital marketing involves the use of the internet and digital products by marketers to advertise their products. This often includes the placement of ads in apps, search engine results pages, social media profiles, creating and optimizing websites and its contents, and so on. The aim of digital marketing is to improve the visibility of a product or business and its services on the internet. Digital marketing is very effective because the internet is where most people are today and shop for or do almost everything they need.

Digital marketing services

Digital marketing is not a single strategy. It is an umbrella term for several strategies that digital marketing agencies can use to increase the visibility of your products or business on the internet.

Jahandarpour Digital Marketing Agency

will provide your business with all online marketing services across Australia. The agency is known as best SEO Melbourne with a good reputation in implementing growth hacking services to help businesses' growth.

Some of these digital marketing services include:

Search engine optimization

Search engine optimization is often the default go-to digital marketing strategy for most companies. It is the most significant aspect of digital marketing, and maybe all your business will need to drive the necessary traffic for success.

SEO is a strategy that involves optimizing a website so that it can rank higher on search engine results page. You can often hire the services of SEO consultants to help define the best pathway for your website SEO campaign for maximum ROIs.

Blogger outreach

If your product is novel and you feel it is not getting the attention you think it deserves - that is, it is not getting the initial buzz you were expecting, then you might want to look out for a blogger outreach campaign.

Blogger outreach is a digital marketing

service that allows you to connect with big-time bloggers with a large following to talk about your products so that their followers can talk, share and like your product. This is bound to generate the necessary attention for your product or business.

Social media management

Social media plays a critical role in any business today. People check your following on social media and read other people's reviews of your product before deciding to buy it.

Social media management services help to ensure your product is presented to users in the best possible light on social media. This way, the best reviews and comments about your products take the priority place. Social media management will also aim to increase your followership base on social media and create a buzz about your products to raise people's awareness about your business.

Pay-per-click

Pay per click is a paid digital marketing service. It requires constant funds to keep the engine running. The good thing is, you only get to pay for actual click through to your product page and not only when a user sees your ads.

NO 460

9							2
			1		4		
	8			6			
7							
3		2					
				9	1		8
	1						9
	6		5			3	

Sudoku

Solution: NO 459

9	4	6	3	1	7	2	5	8
5	1	8	6	2	9	7	3	4
2	3	7	5	8	4	9	1	6
8	5	9	2	4	3	1	6	7
4	6	1	8	7	5	3	2	9
3	7	2	1	9	6	8	4	5
7	2	4	9	6	1	5	8	3
1	9	5	4	3	8	6	7	2
6	8	3	7	5	2	4	9	1

News

## EAEU removes import tariffs on 10 Iranian products

The Eurasian Economic Union (EAEU) has removed tariff rates for the import of 10 Iranian products, according to the head of Iranian National Union of Agricultural Products. "The Eurasian Economic Union (EAEU) in a letter sent to the Trade Promotion Organization of Iran (TPOI) said it has removed the import tariffs for 10 Iranian products," the Head of Iranian National Union of Agricultural Products Reza Nourani said. These products, subjected to import tariffs by the Union, include potatoes, onions, garlic, cabbages, carrots, peppers, fruit juices, wheat,

blackgrains, long-grain rice and baby food, he added. Removing tariff rates for Iranian products by Eurasian Economic Union while the country is under sanctions and grappling with the outbreak of coronavirus will increase export and production, Nourani emphasized. Turning to the required infrastructures, Nourani said, "refrigerated containers should be added for increasing export. Unfortunately, we lack refrigerated containers for rail export and/or these refrigerated containers should at least be purchased or rented by Russia and Turkey."

## Iran's Bushehr Nuclear Power Plant to Get New Fuel

Iran's nuclear power plant near the southern port city of Bushehr has been shut down for periodic maintenance, as its reactor is going to receive fresh fuel, the head of the nuclear plant said.

Reza Banazadeh said the Bushehr Nuclear Power Plant has been shut down for an overhaul operation, inspection and fuel reloading. He noted that one-third of the fuel used in the plant's reactor will be replaced.

The official also said that the plant has supplied more than 7.2 billion kilowatt-hours (kWh) of electricity to the national grid over the past year. Since coming into operation in 2011, the nuclear plant has generated over 43 billion kilowatt-hours (kWh) of electricity, he added.

Banazadeh also highlighted the precautionary measures taken in the plant following the outbreak of the novel coronavirus, saying the pandemic has not done any harm to the activities of the power plant.

In September 2013, Iran took temporary control of the Bushehr nuclear power plant. Russia has agreed to provide the power plant's fuel for 10 years, with the supply deal committing Tehran to returning the spent fuel.

The power plant became officially operational and was connected to Iran's national grid in September 2011.

### Easing lockdown will follow expertise guidelines, says gov't spox

The Government spokesman Ali Rabiei said on Monday that any decision to ease lockdown and reopen activities will follow the expertise guidelines.

Rabiei said in a press conference that all the policies concerning coronavirus outbreak are pursued in accordance with guidelines of the Health Ministry and experts and a final decision to resume activities after they were halted to contain the virus, will be taken on that basis.

Health experts in Iran's health section have produced plenty of protocols concerning workplace sanitation in order to reopen the businesses, according to Rabiei. He said that the government updates its knowledge of the virus using any information available in any country about the contagion and the plans to contain its economic effects.

On the formation of new government in Iraq, Rabiei said that Iran's longstanding policy is to respect Iraqi sovereignty, obeying the religious authority in the country and avoiding any intervention in Iraqi affairs.

Warning that some adventurous policies cost people's lives in the region, he advised the United States to grasp a new realistic understanding of its own wrong policies in Iraq.

On Afghanistan, he said that Iran supports formation of a strong central government in Afghanistan and will spare no effort to help establish such a government as it is in line with international security and the fight against terrorism.

## Gov't spox: US not in position to block Iran's loan bid with IMF

Government spokesman Ali Rabiei said on Monday that the United States is not in a position to block Iran's requested \$5 billion loan from International Monetary Fund.

Rabiei said on Sunday that Washington is not in a position to prevent international organizations from doing their legal obligations. The US must understand that international

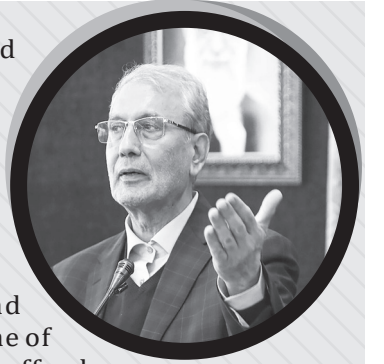
institutions are not their property and other countries not their subjects, he said in response to a question on the US intention to block Iran's \$5 billion loan bid from IMF.

He underlined that IMF's response to the issue will indicate that participation in international affairs is not subject to unilateral policies by any state, adding that IMF's decision represents the moral and humanitarian objectives of the funds established on humanitarian basis.

On legal vote by a Luxembourg court to release Iran's money, Rabiei said that the money was blocked due to the US claim and they were trying to move the money

to the United States and seize it by another verdict.

He added that Iran's Central Bank along with a number of Iranian lawyers managed to overturn both the verdicts and release the money some of which will be spent to afford medical equipment and medicine to fight coronavirus pandemic.



## Iran says US sanctions acting as '5th column' of coronavirus

The Permanent Mission of Iran to the United Nations in a Sunday report called the US sanctions the "fifth column" of the pandemic by hampering Iran's efforts to contain the deadly virus.



The report added that any act whatsoever restricting the ability of a nation to tackle the crisis would let the disease spread

like wildfire and consequently weaken the global fight against the pandemic.

The full text of the report "the Impacts of US Sanctions on the War Against Coronavirus" is as follows:

The entire world is now facing a World War Against COVID-19. This relentless and highly contagious virus, as the common enemy of the whole human family, is seriously threatening the lives of all with no distinction as to nationality, race, color, religion or gender. At this common fight, all of humanity is on the same front. But, despite our tireless efforts, according to the World Health Organization (WHO), the virus is clearly "accelerating".

We MUST win this battle by standing united, going beyond mere "expression of solidarity" and demonstrating "solidarity in action" as well as well-coordinated international cooperation.

To succeed quickly and sustainably, we must ensure that no individual, family, community or nation is left behind as no nation will be spared and no one will be safe until everyone all over the world is safe.

Sanctions function as enemy's "fifth column"

Any act whatsoever restricting the ability of a nation to tackle the crisis would let the disease spread like wildfire and consequently weaken the global fight against the pandemic.

A clear example is the continued application of unilateral sanctions, which

undermine the related ability of targeted nations and the whole world to fight the pandemic. Accordingly, their application under the current unprecedented global health crisis involving all nations is against the common interests of humanity.

In short, in our common fight against COVID-19, sanctions, by undermining our front from within in favor of the enemy, function exactly like the "fifth column". It is but a treachery. Sanctions inhibit Iran's ability to fight COVID-19.

While Iran is experiencing one of the worst outbreaks of the coronavirus, the US sanctions - which, according to the US officials are the most extensive sanctions ever imposed on a country - are drastically hindering Iran's efforts to identify and treat patients and effectively prevent the spread of the virus.

This is despite the fact that Iran's medical facilities, doctors and nurses are among the very finest in the world, and the professional nature of its national efforts to suppress COVID-19 is highly acknowledged by the WHO.

The so-called humanitarian exemptions are not working. To escape from the disgrace of the illegal and immoral nature of sanctions, the US officials continue to claim that humanitarian and medical needs are exempt from sanctions.



On 27 February 2020, the US Treasury finalized with much fanfare "The Swiss Humanitarian Trade Arrangement" (SHTA) allowing certain humanitarian transactions with Iran. However, this narrow channel does not match Iran's humanitarian needs in the current situation.

The United States has forced SHTA to pursue a very tight and tough procedure, under the pretexts like "ensuring the utmost transparency" or "enhanced due diligence" -- requiring companies to provide extensive information to the Treasury Department every month on the Iranian beneficiaries of the goods, the Iranian companies' business relationships and financial details and alike -- thus making it practically very difficult for companies to trade with Iran.

Additionally, almost impossible or cumbersome nature of transferring Iran's reserves blocked outside the country to the designated Swiss bank, not only does not allow the SHTA to function properly now but may actually render it redundant in a matter of few months.

Likewise, recently several companies that supply the medical equipment required to fight the coronavirus have stopped shipping to Iran because the current US sanction's regime makes the shipping of such items to Iran

almost impossible.

Moreover, the only message of the U.S.' additional new sanctions, imposed in the midst of the coronavirus outbreak, is that companies must avoid doing any business with Iran, even if their work is humanitarian in nature.

In short, the US sanction's regime, including its related penalties, is extremely broad and has created a compliance minefield for the legal trade with Iran and consequently, medical suppliers and relief organizations simply steer clear of doing business in Iran in the fear of accidentally getting caught up in the US sanctions' web.

Emergency aid is not the panacea. From the start of the COVID-19 outbreak, Iran has received emergency aid from neighboring and other countries as well as the WHO and certain humanitarian organizations, which are highly valuable and much appreciated in current trying times.

However, for a vast country like Iran with a population of nearly 83 million, which is among the worst impacted countries by COVID-19, such emergency aid is not the panacea as, under the current pandemic, donor countries themselves face their own crises. Accordingly, neither Iran nor any other country can rely only on emergency aids.

### 'US medical terrorism hampering global efforts to curb COVID-19'

Iran's Ambassador to Russia Kazem Jalali said the United States policies are hampering the world countries' efforts to overcome the new coronavirus crisis.

In a phone conversation with Japanese Ambassador to Moscow Tyohisa Kozuki on Monday, Jalali said the US has been causing many challenges for Iran in the process of receiving medical and humanitarian supplies, describing Washington's measures as "medical terrorism".

Over the past weeks, the international community has been making calls on the US to lift the illegal sanctions, which have hampered Tehran's access to lifesaving medical supplies as the country is trying to contain the coronavirus and help treat the patients.

The Iranian ambassador expressed gratitude to Japan for supporting Iran in the fight against the coronavirus (COVID-19).

Earlier in April, Japan announced plans to provide for free the anti-flu drug Avigan to 20 countries, including Iran, hoping to use it to treat coronavirus patients. The Japanese ambassador, for his part, expressed commiserations with the families of the Iranian victims and hailed Iran's efforts in the fight against the COVID-19. During their conversation, the two sides also discussed the latest developments in the region, including the situation in Syria, Iraq, Libya and Yemen.

### Senior judiciary officials to grant 20% of their monthly wages to corona-hit Iranians

Judiciary Chief Ayatollah Seyyed Ebrahim Raesi announced on Monday that senior judiciary officials are to allocate 20 percent of their monthly wages for three consecutive months to those most affected by the coronavirus. The judiciary chief added that the decision has been made following the last week command of the Leader of the Islamic Republic, urging all Iranians to perform 'Equality and Sincere Assistance Maneuver', in a bid to show sympathy and provide sincere assistance to the needy and the poor in society.

The commanders of Iran's Islamic Revolutionary Guards Corps (IRGC) have allocated 20% of their wages to the fight against the coronavirus pandemic.

Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps Spokesman Second Brigadier General Ramezan Sharif broke the news on Sunday, saying, "The commanders of the IRGC, including those in the headquarters as well as the provincial chiefs, have decided to participate in this Sincere Assistance and will give out 20% of their salaries to help provide the needs of the fellow citizens who have lost their jobs due to the coronavirus outbreak."

Due to the same command, the IRGC, Basij and Imam Khomeini Relief Foundation, as well as other volunteer forces, have started aiding needy people since the beginning of the coronavirus breakout, but the Leader's command made them re-united for carrying out the maneuver all across the country.

### News

### Sanctions illegitimately block Iran's money and loan request

The United States' unilateral, extraterritorial sanctions are in contradiction with the principles of international law, including territoriality, non-intervention, free trade, equal sovereignty and democracy; because the sanctions target companies, banks and traders in other countries, cause intervention in internal affairs of third countries and obstruct free trade, Iran's Vice President for Legal Affairs wrote in an article.

In an article published in daily Persian-language "Iran", Laya Joneidi the Vice President of Iran for Legal Affairs said that sanctions are followed by Human Rights violation when they block a nation's general and fundamental needs like food, medicine and medical equipment and financial transactions.

She went on to elaborate that the International Court of Justice, for that reason, ordered to stop implementation of sanctions on those goods

before hearing the main case filed by Iran against the United States.

The coronavirus outbreak and the need for medical equipment and medicine to fight against the virus, has revealed the severe inhumane, and of course, illegitimate and illegal nature of the sanctions, Joneidi added. The official also said: "The outbreak indicated that the sanctions, in addition to violation of the aforementioned principles, inevitably infringe fundamental human rights and other principles like the principle of cooperation to control and contain such disease; the principles have been mentioned in the United Nations charter and World Health Organization's documents." Sanctions endanger health system of the target country in two ways: first, medical companies are unwilling to provide those countries with the required medical equipment and medicine for fear of being deprived of the market; second, even if some companies provide the target country with their demands, they cannot be paid because of financial blockade, as said by Joneidi. She stressed that the United States is in violation of its special commitments to cooperate in controlling contagious diseases and



fact should be a basis for international financial institutions, including International Monetary Fund and the World Bank, to ignore unilateral sanctions in their consideration of loan requests.

# ISFAHAN NEWS

The First Bilingual Economic Newspaper In Isfahan Province

10000 Rials

Tuesday, April 14, 2020  
No. 474

## Key Parl. cmt. to discuss government's measures against outbreak

Iranian Parliament's National Security and Foreign Policy Commission will hold a meeting on Tuesday afternoon to discuss the plans of Rouhani's administration for combating the coronavirus outbreak.

Minister of Industry, Mine and Trade Reza Rahmani and Finance Minister Farhad Dejjpasand will attend the meeting as administration's representatives.

The Parliament held an open session last week with VP Jahangiri and Health Minister Saeed Namaki in participation to address the country's measures against the outbreak. Lawmakers will hold two open sessions on Tuesday and Wednesday.

According to the latest announcement of the Health Ministry on Sunday, the number of COVID-19 infections has hit 71,686 with the death toll rising to 4,474.



### Headlines

**Iran says US sanctions acting as '5th column' of coronavirus**

**Sanctions illegitimately block Iran's money and loan request**

**Spaniards Resume Non-Essential Jobs despite Surge in Coronavirus Death Toll**

CALL TO PRAYER TIME IN ISFAHAN

**Morning call to prayer:**  
05:05:41

**Noon call to prayer:**  
13:02:48

**Evening call to prayer:**  
19:52:47

### WEATHER



## G20 agrees to cut oil production by 3.7 mb/d: Minister

Iran's minister of petroleum said on Sunday evening that G20 countries agreed to reduce oil production by 3.7 million barrels a day.

Bijan Zangeneh said that Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, and the UAE announced that they would reduce their share of oil production by 2 mb/d besides what was agreed in OPEC-Plus meeting.

Speaking after the extra session of OPEC-Plus, Zangeneh said the meeting was a follow-up for the Thursday and Friday meetings, in which Mexico disagreed with reduction of 10 mb/d.

He said according to the agreement, Mexico should have reduced its production by 400 thousand barrels but didn't agree with that.



## COVID19- Crisis May Disrupt Food Supply Chains, Vulnerable Households: FAO

## Attar Nishapuri; shining star of poetry and mysticism

Today is the birthday of Attar of Nishapur or Neyshaburi - 12th-century great Iranian poet -, and Iran marks national day of Attar.

Iran's history, culture and literature is intertwined by the names of numerous great figures and intellectuals who have made major contribution to civilization of Iran with effective role in creating civilization of the entire international community.

Abū Ḥamīd bin Abū Bakr Ibrāhīm (c. 1145 – c. 1221) better known by his pen-names Farīd ud-Dīn and 'Aṭṭār, was a Persian poet, theoretician of Sufism, and hagiographer from Nishapur who had an immense and lasting influence on Persian poetry and Sufism. Mantiq-ut-Tayr [The Conference of the Birds] and Ilāhī-Nāma [The Book of Divine] are among his most famous works.

On the occasion of the national day of Attar of Nishapur's National Day, cultural and scientific meetings will be held in cyberspace (due to Coronavirus outbreak) for three nights from April 12th to 14, with the participation of university teachers, scholars of literature and perfumers.

Attar was a 12-century poet in the northeastern ancient city of Neyshabur (or Nishapur), currently a city in the Iranian Province of Khorasan-e Razavi. His mausoleum has rendered beauty to the city with turquoise tomb, a tourist attraction in Iran.

Attar (Apothecarist) was also a renowned figure in medicine and pharmaceuticals of his time; that's the reason of appellation. But he is now known for his literary works, on top of which is Manteq al-Tayr, or The Conference of the Birds. The book is a long epic poem that symbolized birds of various kinds each as human moral

behaviors. Throughout the story, Attar has highlighted ethical lessons via metaphors and other literary techniques and figures of speech.

In addition to the above mentioned masterpiece, the famous Iranian poet has other works, including Pand-Nama, which is the first work of Attar being translated into other languages. Attar, is also known as a Sufi, has devoted his only prose work, Taḍkerat al-awliā, to biographies of classical Sufis.

Other prominent poetic works of the Iranian poet include Khosrow-nameh, Ilahi-Nama and Divan. Attar has been named as the master by some other Persian Sufis and poetes. Jalāl ad-Dīn Muhammad Rūmī, for instance, has called him the 'spirit' with himself the 'shadow'.

The name of Attar went beyond borders of Iran and Persian-Arabic speaking communities when his works were translated into other languages. Antoine Isaac Silvestre de Sac, a French linguist and Orientalist was among the first scholars who translated Attar's works. A.J. Arberry, Baron Eric Hermelin and Gabriel Gai-Telin are just a few to name. There have been also other non-Iranian intellectuals who have commented on Attar's works.

The prominent Argentine poet, essayist, and short-story writer, Jorge Luis Borges, has compared Attar's 'The Conference of the Birds with the Divine Comedy of Dante. "That anyone has ever been able to surpass one of the great figures of the Divine Comedy seems incredible, and rightly so," he says in his Nine Essays on Dante, adding that 'nevertheless, the feat has occurred."

The poet has been valued by Iranians throughout the history. In contemporary Iran, April 14 is designated as Attar's National Day in the Persian calendar to mark the contribution his works have made to the Persian literature.

## OPEC, Russia approve biggest-ever oil cut to support prices amid coronavirus pandemic

OPEC and allies led by Russia agreed on Sunday to a record cut in output to prop up oil prices amid the coronavirus pandemic in an unprecedented deal with fellow oil nations, including the United States, that could curb global oil supply by 20%.

The group, known as OPEC+, said it had agreed to reduce output by 9.7 million barrels per day (bpd) for May and June, after four days of talks and following pressure from U.S. President Donald Trump to arrest the price decline.

Measures to slow the spread of the coronavirus have destroyed demand for fuel and driven down oil prices, straining budgets of oil producers and hammering the U.S. shale industry, which is more vulnerable to low prices due to its higher costs.

The group, known as OPEC+, said it had agreed to reduce output by 9.7 million barrels per day (bpd) for May and June, after four days of talks and following pressure from U.S. President Donald Trump to arrest the price decline.

OPEC+ sources said they expected total global oil cuts to amount to more than 20 million bpd, or 20 percent of global supply, effective May 1. OPEC had the same figure in its draft statement but removed it from the final version.

The biggest oil cut ever is more than four times deeper than the previous record cut in 2008. Producers will slowly relax curbs after June, although reductions in production will stay in place until April 2022.

In a statement from the White House, Trump welcomed the commitment by Saudi Arabia and Russia "to return oil production to levels consistent with global energy and financial market stability." Earlier on Twitter, Trump wrote: "The big Oil Deal with OPEC+ is done. This will save hundreds of thousands of energy jobs in the United States." Thanking Russian President Vladimir Putin and Saudi King Salman for pushing the deal through, Trump added: "I just spoke to them... Great deal for all." Oil demand has dropped by around a third because of the coronavirus pandemic. Oil prices jumped more than \$1 a barrel in Monday trading after the agreement, but gains were capped amid concern that it would not be enough to head off oversupply with the coronavirus pandemic hammering demand. Total global cuts will include contributions from non-members, steeper voluntary cuts by some OPEC+ members and strategic stocks purchases by the world's largest consumers. Saudi Energy Minister Prince Abdulaziz bin Salman told Reuters that real effective cuts by OPEC+ would total 12.5 million bpd because Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates and Kuwait would cut supplies steeper given higher output in April. Three OPEC+ sources said non-members Brazil, Canada, Indonesia, Norway and the United States would contribute 4 million to 5 million bpd.

## Exports of petrochemical products continue despite

"Currently, Iran petrochemical products are exported to almost all countries," spokesman of the Iranian Oil, Gas and Petrochemical Products Exporters' Union Seyyed Hamid Hosseini told ILNA. He said in an exclusive interview with ILNA news agency that in exports of products we have no problem, but prices have fallen recently.

"Due to the cold weather and the protective measures against the new coronavirus, the export of many products such as diesel fuel and gasoline was almost stopped, but the export of oil derivatives from the

Persian Gulf Star Refinery (naphtha, diesel, and gasoline) to be continued, he added.

According to Hamid Hosseini, Iran's exports to Iraq have been suspended for about two weeks, but the problem has been resolved and it is now exported from the borders of the Kurdistan Region, Parviz Khan and mainly Bashmaq.

China is the top destination for Iran's petrochemical products, but the UAE purchased \$2 billion worth from March 2018 to March 2019.

Even though the United States imposed sanctions on the entire petrochemical sector in November 2018, the UAE spent about \$481 million on Iranian exports from December 2018 through March 2019, according to Tehran's official data.

Other prominent poetic works of the Iranian poet include Khosrow-nameh, Ilahi-Nama and Divan. Attar has been named as the master by some other Persian Sufis and poetes. Jalāl ad-Dīn Muhammad Rūmī, for instance, has called him t



