



امام جمعه موقت کاشان:

جمهوری اسلامی ایران مظهر عزت مقاومت اسلامی و مستضعفان جهان است

امام جمعه موقت کاشان گفت: جمهوری اسلامی ایران مظهر عزت مقاومت اسلامی و مستضعفان جهان است. به گزارش خبرنگار مهر حجت الاسلام والمسلمین علی احتشام در خطبه‌های این هفته نماز جمعه کاشان با اشاره به فرارسیدن سالروز شهادت آیت الله مدرس اظهار داشت: شهید مدرس یک شاخصه بارز داشت و آن این بود که همه خواسته‌های شخصی و خانوادگی را کنار گذاشت و در شاخصه‌های خدایی شدن قدم برداشت و هر کاری کرد در جهت رضای خدا بود.

وی با بیان اینکه افرادی که برای انتخابات این دوره مجلس کاندیدا شده اند باید شاخصه‌های گفتاری و رفتاری شهید مدرس را مدنظر قرار دهند، ایراز داشت: کاندیداها باید پیشینه فکری و عملی و اعتقادی خود را برای مردم تبیین کنند و از شعارهای بی عمل بپرهیزند.

امام جمعه موقت کاشان با اشاره به اینکه مردم خود هم باید پیشینه کاندیداهای انتخابات پیش‌رو را بررسی کنند، تصریح کرد: طبق فرامین رهبر معظم انقلاب و حضرت امام خمینی (ره) باید به طرفداران اسلام ناب محمدی رأی داد.

وی با اشاره به در پیش بودن روز دانشجو خاطرنشان کرد: سه شهید بزرگوار که در روز دانشجو به مقام شامخ شهادت رسیدند افرادی بودند که در اعتراض به دسیسه‌ها و توطئه‌های آمریکا جان خود را فدا کردند و از این رو لازم است دانشجویان در گرامیداشت این روز فرهنگ ایستادگی در برابر طاغوت آمریکا را نهادینه کنند.

حجت الاسلام والمسلمین احتشام با اشاره به هفته بسیج خاطرنشان کرد: تفکرات بسیجی در هر حوزه‌ای ورود شد باعث موفقیت برای کشور شد. وی با اشاره به اینکه تفکر بسیجی باعث شده است که کشور در مقابل توطئه‌های دشمن و استکبار جهانی ایمن شود، گفت: جمهوری اسلامی ایران مظهر عزت مقاومت اسلامی و مستضعفان جهان است.

این استاد حوزه و دانشگاه با اشاره به اینکه تفکر بسیجی باید در حوزه فرهنگی بیشتر خود را نشان دهد، افزود: در این حوزه دشمن فعالیت زیادی می‌کند و از این رو باید با این فعالیت‌ها که خانواده‌های ایرانی و سبک زندگی را هدف گرفته است، مقابله کنیم. وی در بخش دیگری از سخنان خود با اشاره به مقاومت جانانه مردم قهرمان غزه در مقابل حملات وحشیانه رژیم جعلی صهیونیستی تاکید کرد: مردم غزه و فلسطین پیروز قطعی این جنگ هستند و انشالله با نابودی صهیونیست و رژیم جعلی صهیونیستی به زودی شاهد برافراشته شدن پرچم اسلام در بیت المقدس خواهیم بود.

همزمان با سراسر کشور؛

اجرای طرح مردمی کاشت درخت در روستای حسین آباد

همزمان با سراسر کشور در راستای اجرای طرح مردمی کاشت یک میلیارد درخت در کشور، عملیات کاشت نهال در روستای حسین آباد بخش مهردشت شهرستان نجف آباد آغاز شد. رئیس اداره منابع طبیعی و آبخیزداری شهرستان نجف آباد در این آئین گفت: این طرح مردمی همسو با اجرای قانون هوای پاک و مقابله با پدیده گرد و غبار در وسعت ۱۳ هزار مترمربع از بیابان‌های این منطقه کاشته شد. آقای کارگر افزود: نهال‌هایی همچون سجد و توت سازگار با شرایط کم آبی بدست گروه‌های مختلف مردمی همچون دانش آموزان و مریبان در بیابان‌های این روستا کاشته شد.

حجت الاسلام دهشیری بیان کرد: رژیم صهیونیستی که مدت‌ها به کشتار زنان، کودکان و مردم مظلوم سرزمین فلسطین مشغول بود باز هم بعد از مدتی آتش بس، بار دیگر شروع به جنگ و کشتار مردم مظلوم کرده است که امیدواریم با حمایت مردم دنیا، بار دیگر این دشمنان خبیث رسوا و نابود شوند. وی با اشاره به سالروز شهادت شهید مدرس خاطرنشان کرد: شهید مدرس یک شخصیت برجسته ای است که در چشم جهانیان درخشش ویژه ای دارد و در در دهم آذر ماه سال ۱۳۱۶ به شهادت رسید، مردم‌داری، دلسوزی، شجاعت، قناعت و دشمن ستیزی از ویژگی‌های این شهید بزرگوار است.

هنرمند نوش‌آبادی نماینده استان اصفهان در جشنواره اقوام ایرانی

وی گفت: به تصویر کشیدن تنوع کم‌نظیر گستره زیست‌بوم فرهنگی، شیوه زندگی و آداب و رسوم ساکنان سراسر ایران، ایجاد بستر مناسب برای نمایش ظرفیت‌های فرهنگی اجتماعی و گردشگری در نمازهای جغرافیایی اقوام ایرانی فرصت‌های برگزاری این جشنواره‌ها است. رئیس اداره فرهنگ و ارشاد اسلامی شهرستان آران و بیدگل، گفت: کسب مقام اول در جشنواره مهر کاشان سال ۱۳۹۸، راهیایی به مرحله نهایی جشنواره ملی «موسیقی جوان» برخی از افتخارات ابوالفضل گرامی نوش‌آبادی هنرمند جوان و خواننده سنتی است.

بازسازی چهار میدان کاشان

شهردار کاشان تصریح کرد: عملیات بهسازی میدان امام حسن(ع) نیز با اعتبار ۳۰ میلیارد ریال آغاز شده است که مساحت کل پروژه ۲۸۷۵ متر مربع است و ساخت آن‌ها، اجرای فضای سبز و نصب و اجرای المان در مرکز میدان در دستور کار قرار دارد. محمدمیر گفت: بهسازی میدان سرباز، در راستای اصلاح و استانداردسازی ترافیکی میدان با اعتبار ۵۵ میلیارد ریال آغاز شده است و در قالب ۱۵۰۰ متر طول جدول، ۱۰۵۰۰ مترمربع زیرسازی، ۱۰۵۰۰ مترمربع آسفالت، بلوک فرش، فضای سبز، جابجایی تأسیسات، خاکبرداری و بتن‌ریزی انجام می‌شود. وی تاکید کرد: رضایت‌مندی شهروندان مهم‌ترین سرمایه و تکیه‌گاه برنامه‌های شهرداری است و تلاش می‌کنیم در کوتاه‌ترین بازه زمانی، طرح‌های عمرانی به بهر برداری برسند.

برای فعالیت‌های عمرانی و ساخت مساجد؛

اعلام آمادگی ۲۰۰ استاد صنف ساختمان شهرستان برخوار

کاری، موزیک کاری و نما کاری اعلام آمادگی کردند. محسن داوری افزود: صنف ساختمان شهرستان برخوار بیش از هزار عضو دارد که در مرحله اول ۲۰۰ نفر برای همکاری دعوت شده اند و در مراحل بعدی اعضای دیگر برای همکاری دعوت می‌شوند. وی گفت: استنادی که تمایل برای همکاری دارند می‌تواند به این مرکز در خیابان امام رضا (ع) دولت آباد مراجعه کنند.

همزمان با آغاز رسمی اجرای کاشت یک میلیارد درخت درکشور؛

آغاز بذرکاری بیش از ۷۰۰ هکتار از بیابان های برخوار

حدود ۱۰ هزار هکتار جنگل کاری با استفاده از بذر بادام اسکوپاریا هم از امروز آغاز می‌شود. وی افزود: احیا و غنی سازی و توسعه پوشش گیاهی جنگل‌ها از اهداف اصلی طرح محسوب می‌شود و پس از آن مقابله با ریزگردها و در نهایت زراعت چوب و توسعه فضای سبز از اهداف دیگر طرح است. اجرای طرح مردمی کاشت یک میلیارد درخت از امروز ۱۱ آذرماه در سراسر کشور با کاشت ۲۵۰ میلیون نهال در سال اول این طرح ۴ ساله آغاز می‌شود. طرح کاشت یک میلیارد درخت در کشور طی ۴ سال هرچند مردمی است، اما تأمین بودجه مورد نیاز و فرهنگ سازی در باره کاشت درخت مهمترین اولویت دولت در اجرای این طرح است.

۲۰۰ استاد صنف ساختمان شهرستان برخوار برای فعالیت‌های عمرانی، ساخت مساجد و خیرخواهانه اعلام آمادگی کردند. مدیر عامل خیریه مسجد سازان الزهرا (س) استان اصفهان در جلسه با جمعی از اعضای صنف ساختمانی شهرستان برخوار گفت: برای ساخت مساجد در مناطق محروم ۱۶ استان کشور و کمک به ترمیم، بازسازی و ساخت منازل محرومان در شهرستان برخوار در بخش‌های مختلف ساخت ساختمان شامل معماری، دیوار چینی، کچ کاری، کاشی

همزمان با سراسر کشور، در اجرای طرح مردمی کاشت یک میلیارد درخت، عملیات بذرکاری در وسعت ۷۸۱ هکتار از اراضی شهرستان برخوار اجرا شد. به گزارش خبرنگاری صدا و سیما، مرکز اصفهان ؛ مدیر کل منابع طبیعی و آبخیز داری استان اصفهان گفت: همچنین عملیات اجرایی جنگل کاری با بذر در شهرستان‌های استان شامل شاهین شهر و میمه، مبارک و دهقان اجرا شد. امینی افزود: از بهمن سال گذشته تا کنون دو میلیون و ۵۰۰ هزار انواع نهال مقاوم به خشکی در استان اصفهان تولید شده است که از اواسط بهمن ماه در بیابان‌ها و مراتع استان کاشته می‌شود. مدیر کل منابع طبیعی و آبخیز داری استان اصفهان گفت: عملیات اجرایی

امام جمعه اردستان گفت: شهید مدرس یک شخصیت برجسته ای است که در چشم جهانیان درخشش ویژه ای دارد و در دهم آذر ماه سال ۱۳۱۶ به شهادت رسید. به گزارش خبرنگار مهر، حجت الاسلام حسن دهشیری در خطبه‌های نمازجمعه این هفته اردستان، اظهار داشت: انسان‌ها باید برای روز قیامت خود عملی نظیر نماز، روزه، قرآن و صلّه رحم را از پیش بفرستند چرا که این اعمال مورد توجه خداوند قرار می‌گیرد. وی افزود: نمونه یک شخص بسیجی واقعی کسی است که اخلاص داشته

تجارتی سودآور در دنیا؛

کارآفرینی با پرورش حلزون در آران و بیدگل

به همت کار آفرین آران و بیدگلی نخستین کارگاه صنعتی پرورش و مخاط گیری حلزون در کشور راه اندازی شد. کار آفرین آران و بیدگلی گفت: با اجرای طرح‌های تحقیقاتی و پژوهشی انواع مختلف حلزون آزمایش واز بین ۳۶ هزار حلزون موجود در دنیا، حلزونی که با شرایط آب و هوایی منطقه و سودآوری مناسب همراه بود پرورش داده شد. سید جواد سید زاده با اشاره به موارد مختلف استفاده حلزون افزود: همه اعضای بدن حلزون و خروچی مواد بدن این جانور در داخل و خارج کشور کاربرد دارد که مهمترین آن داروهای ضد سرطان و مواد آرایشی و بهداشتی است. وی گفت: از زمان آغاز به کار کارگاه بیش از ۴۰ نفر به صورت مستقیم مشغول کار شدند و این آمار تا ۲۰۰ نفر قابل افزایش است. وی با تاکید بر اینکه علاقه مندان می‌توانند با صرف کمترین هزینه و مکان در تولید و پرورش حلزون اشتغال برای خود داشته باشند، گفت: در این کارگاه صنعتی سالانه ۲ میلیون قطعه حلزون تولید و پرورش داده می‌شود.



به مناسبت هفته بسیج؛

اولین جشنواره علم و فناوری در نائین برگزار شد

روانشناسی، شیمی، مسابقه هوش برتر و تجلیل از شرکت کنندگان و منتخبان علمی جشنواره برگزار شد.

معاونت علم و فناوری ناحیه مقاومت بسیج نائین با بیان اینکه در مجموع از ۲۲ نفر از فعالان و برگزیدگان عرصه علم و فناوری در نائین تجلیل شد، گفت: در این جشنواره بالغ



بر ۱۵۰ نفر شرکت کننده از دانش آموزان و دانشجویان داشتیم و ۲۵ جلد مقاله و کتاب ارائه و ۳ اثر شامل ۲ مقاله و ۱ کتاب منتخب شدند که آثار منتخب از دانشگاه پیام نور، دانشگاه آزاد اسلامی و حوزه علمیه بوده است. وی افزود: این برنامه به همت ناحیه مقاومت بسیج نائین و پایگاه‌های علمی بسیج در محلات سطح شهرستان و با همکاری دانشگاه آزاد اسلامی واحد نائین، مدیریت آموزش و پرورش شهرستان، بسیج استانبود و دیگر ارگان‌ها برگزار شد.

معاونت علجم و فناوری ناحیه مقاومت بسیج نائین گفت: اولین جشنواره علم و فناوری با هدف امیدآفرینی و جریان سازی علمی در شهرستان نائین برگزار شد. مسعود عیایی در گفت‌وگو با خبرنگار مهر اظهار کرد: اولین جشنواره علم و فناوری در دو بخش رقابتی و غیر رقابتی در دوماه آبان و آذرماه به مناسبت گرامیداشت هفته بسیج در چند بخش مجزا برگزار شد. وی ادامه داد: این جشنواره با هدف امیدآفرینی و جریان سازی علمی در چند بخش کارگاه

گزارش

کارشناس دارویی واحد تحقیق دانشگاه علوم پزشکی کاشان:

بروز مقاومت میکروبی یکی از تهدیدهای جامعه بشری است

کارشناس دارویی واحد تحقیق و توسعه دانشگاه علوم پزشکی کاشان گفت: خطر بروز مقاومت میکروبی یکی از تهدیدهای جامعه بشری به ویژه در کشورهای در حال توسعه است که مصرف بی‌رویه داروهای آنتی‌بیوتیک به‌عنوان علت اصلی این مفضل بزرگ محسوب می‌شود. شیوع سرماخوردگی و آنفلوآنزا، مهم‌ترین عوارض سرد شدن هوا به خصوص در پاییز و زمستان است که شهروندان برای درمان آن، اقدام به مصرف انواع آنتی بیوتیک می‌کنند، اما تغییر یافتن باکتری‌ها، ویروس‌ها، قارچ‌ها و انگل‌ها، می‌تواند تأثیر داروها بر آنها را بی‌اثر کرده و مقاومت میکروبی ایجاد کند که درمان عفونت‌ها را بسیار مشکل یا غیرممکن می‌کند. سید محمدمهدی امام در گفت‌وگو با ایسنا، اظهار کرد: بسیاری از عفونت‌های میکروبی ساده که زمانی با داروهای آنتی‌بیوتیک به راحتی قابل درمان بوده‌اند، امروزه در برابر



دسته‌های دارویی آنتی‌بیوتیک مقاوم شده و درمان آنها نیازمند رژیم‌های درمانی شامل چند دسته دارو و مصرف زمان و هزینه زیاد است. وی افزود: پژوهش‌ها نشان می‌دهد که مصرف بی‌رویه و غیرمنطقی آنتی‌بیوتیک‌ها، در برخی موارد باعث شکست در روند درمان بیماری‌های میکروبی می‌شود، بنابراین ضرورت مقابله فوری و جدی با این روند در جوامع انسانی به ویژه جامعه در حال رشد ایران بیش از پیش

احساس می‌شود. کارشناس دارویی واحد تحقیق و توسعه دانشگاه علوم پزشکی کاشان، تصریح کرد: روند تجویز منطقی دارو به ویژه داروهای آنتی‌بیوتیک، شامل سه ضلع بیمار، پزشک و داروخانه است و در صورتی که هر یک از این اضلاع نسبت به حساسیت موضوع مقاومت میکروبی اطلاع کافی داشته باشند، این بحران تا حد زیادی قابل کنترل خواهد بود.

امام تاکید کرد: در صورتی که آموزش‌های لازم به عموم افراد جامعه در خصوص اهمیت مصرف منطقی داروهای آنتی‌بیوتیک داده شده باشد مصرف بی‌رویه این داروها و عوارض ناشی از آن تا حد زیادی در جامعه کاهش پیدا می‌کند. وی گفت: پزشکان معالج نیز باید با وجود اصرار بیماران، از تجویز داروهای آنتی‌بیوتیک برای عفونت‌های ویروسی خودداری کنند تا احتمال بروز مقاومت میکروبی تا حد زیادی کم شود. کارشناس دارویی واحد تحقیق و توسعه دانشگاه علوم پزشکی کاشان، افزود: سومین راهکار برای کاهش بروز مقاومت میکروبی، نظارت بر داروخانه‌ها و جلوگیری از فروش بدون نسخه آنتی‌بیوتیک‌ها به ویژه آنتی‌بیوتیک‌های بیمارستانی توسط متصدیان داروخانه است.

Collapse of Israeli regime possible within 2 days, IRGC chief says

The Zionist regime will collapse in 48 hours if another anti-Israeli military action like the Al-Aqsa Storm operation breaks out, according to the commander of the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps (IRGC).

Addressing a group of Basij members in Qazvin on Thursday, Major General Hossein Salami noted that "here is 70 km from Gaza to Tel Aviv, 120 km from northern Palestine and southern Lebanon to Tel Aviv, and 40 km from the West Bank to Tel Aviv. The time for the collapse of this fake regime is short."

"If like in Operation al-Aqsa Storm, the driving engine of the Palestinians starts moving again, the Zionist regime will be removed from the political geography of the world in 48 hours," he added.

Gen. Salami continued, "few people thought the army and the security establishment of the Zionist regime is so close to collapse."

"Operation al-Aqsa Storm showed the Zionists living in the occupied territories and America the fact that the collapse of the regime is much, much closer and easier than they imagine," he averred.

Gen. Salami asserted that since the occupation forces are "in a painful situation" following the operation on October 7, the threat of another attack has become a daily companion for the Israelis, making it impossible for them to sleep soundly at night.

"Today, anxiety and confusion over the defeat of the Zionist regime can be seen in the faces of American officials more than ever, since there is no prospect of saving the fake Israeli regime, and its supporters cannot talk about its survival," he added.

According to the IRGC chief, Israel and its allies have chosen a highly risky policy that will never lead to triumph.

He also warned that the U.S. can no longer withstand the strain of resistance forces on its overstretched military in the region.

Gen. Salami pointed out that more than 2,000 Israeli soldiers have evacuated the West Bank and Gaza in the last week because they cannot continue the fight.

He pointed out, "On the other hand, the damage of the war is at least 300 million dollars a day, and one out of every three jobs in Israel has been lost, and all hotels have turned into accommodation for their refugees." Based on the remarks made by Gen. Salami, the situation in Palestine is precisely the reverse.

"The Gazans are patient, grateful, thoughtful and exceptional people who will surely achieve victory in the near future because of their perseverance," he said.

Salami also stressed, "This is while Israel and America are stuck in a quagmire in which they sink deeper, the more they struggle."

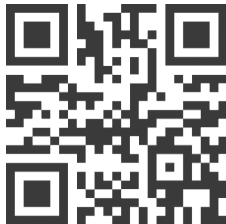
Gen. Salami mentioned the stringent reporting of the regime's defeat in the Gaza War in the Israeli media.

According to the top commander, 300 of Israel's 1,600 tanks and personnel carriers have been struck, and hundreds of Israelis have been killed, based on reliable information including aerial images, wiretapping, and other intelligence measures, as well as precise field information.

He concluded, "Today, all the news we hear is about Gaza and the Palestinians, but we don't hear or see anything about the turmoil in the cities of the Zionist regime, where the situation is much worse than what even we wish for. This fact forced them to agree to a ceasefire."

Since October 7, over 15,000 Palestinians have lost their lives as a result of Israeli assaults in Gaza.

Last week, a four-day ceasefire was declared in Gaza, and has already been extended twice. The Israeli regime resumed its genocidal war on Gaza on Friday morning.



Iran elected as OPEC conference alternate president in 2024



Gabon and Iran have been elected as president and alternate president of the Conference of Ministers of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) for 2024, respectively, Shana reported. The two countries were appointed by alphabetical order at the 187th Meeting of the OPEC Conference, which was held via videoconference on Thursday. According to the OPEC Statute, the alternate president shall preside over meetings whenever the president is absent. Following the principle of alphabetical rotation, Libya and Nigeria were also elected as the OPEC Executive Board president and alternate president for 2024. The representatives of Iran,

Iraq, and Nigeria in the board have been already appointed and their appointment must be approved according to the OPEC Statute during its ministerial conference. Iranian Oil Minister Javad Oji on Thursday praised 'favorable' cooperation and understanding between OPEC+ producers. Talking to Shana, the minister said, "We are trying to institutionalize cooperation with non-OPEC producers within the framework of OPEC+ alliance." Oji, who spoke after the 187th meeting of OPEC Conference and the 36th OPEC and Non-OPEC Ministerial Meeting (OEMM), said during the meetings the participants clearly stressed the need to preserve the oil market stability and

support OPEC+ collective decisions. The OPEC+ members underlined that the coalition keeps a close watch on global oil markets and the balance between supply and demand, said the minister, adding the alliance also voiced its readiness to make quick decisions and take the necessary measures to stabilize the oil market and cope with its situations. Shifting to the postponement of OPEC and OPEC+ ministerial meetings caused by differences between their member states, Oji said it is not something new as they have had such differences at some junctures, adding all that matters is that OPEC+ producers reach an agreement and a consensus serving the member states' in-

terests. The oil market is experiencing a challenging era, he stated and noted additional supplies by some producers outside of the OPEC+ alliance associated with uncertainties surrounding global economy, the outlook for international markets, speculators' activities in the oil market, and consequences of mentioned developments are sending out alarm signals. The agreement and decisions made by OPEC+ and during ministerial meetings have served the OPEC and non-OPEC member states' common interests, said the minister, pointing out the successful move should continue in the future as it is vital for ensuring the market stability and serving producers' interests. The released reports and analyses show considerable uncertainties about global supply and demand, said Oji, adding each could have special impacts on future developments. Short sellers' increased activities in the market have fueled concerns and the outlook for the international oil market cannot be anticipated with certainty, the minister stated, continuing, "I cannot agree to any of these speculations, either." He said the United States and other big consumers' worries about the global oil market and energy security have been caused by U.S. policies and acts aimed at putting OPEC+ and its producers under pressure - political pressure on some big oil and gas produc-

ers by imposing brutal and unilateral sanctions and escalating geopolitical tensions through making political intervention and supporting war in the West Asia region. Oji is convinced that the agreement and decisions made by OPEC+ are significant factors in eliminating fluctuations in the oil market, improving global economic conditions, encouraging investment in the oil industry, and guaranteeing energy security. "We consider the OPEC+ agreement and cooperation between large oil producers as the only option to provide the world with short- and long-term energy security," he emphasized. "As I said before, all observers and experts of the oil market acknowledge the constructive achievements of the OPEC+ agreement for the market stability and energy security," reiterated the minister, underlining that Iran fully supports the agreement and decisions made by OPEC+ as the agreement reached between the alliance's members and issued in OPEC and non-OPEC producers' Declaration of Cooperation brings benefits for the global oil market, producers, consumers, and economy." The topics of the 187th Meeting of OPEC Conference, he continued, revolved around administrative, financial, and managerial issues that are discussed by member states' oil and energy ministers biennially.

Countries in the region should ensure security of strait of Hormuz: IRGC Navy chief

Emphasizing that security of the strategic strait of Hormuz should be ensured by the countries of the region, IRGC Navy chief Rear Admiral Ali Reza Tangsiri stated that outsiders in the region create division between Muslim nations. Rear Admiral Ali Reza Tangsiri, the commander of the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps Navy, met and talked with Brigadier General Hamed bin Abdullah bin Ahmed Al Balushi, the deputy chief of staff of Oman's Armed Forces on Friday.

In the meeting, Iran's Tangsiri and Oman's Al Balushi discussed the importance of maritime relations and their role in ensuring comprehensive security and stability in the region. The Iranian commander enlisted the reasons behind foreigners' presence in the region as "creating conflict, division, selling weapons and exploiting the resources of these important regions."

Rear Admiral Tangsiri clarified, "We have always sought unity and convergence between Muslim nations," highlighting the Tehran-Muscat long historical record, especially, the two states' friendly relations during the imposed war (1980-88), where Muscat backed Tehran in its war against the Baath regime.

Referring to the crimes of the cruel and child-killing Zionist regime in recent weeks, the IRGC Navy chief hailed Oman's stance toward the Israeli regime, which has brutally massacred the oppressed women and children in Gaza.

According to Tangsiri, it is necessary to support all Muslim nations with no difference between Shia and Sunnis.

He also called Iranian youth's design and manufacturing of the indigenous weapons "unique and state of an art." Brigadier General Al Balushi, for his part, lauded the hospitality of the IRGC Navy, saying Oman stands with Iran in ensuring security.

He also emphasized that "Muslim nations should work together in providing security." A joint naval exercise involving Iranian and Omani military forces was held on Thursday. The joint naval rescue and relief exercise took place near the Hormuz Strait and the northern parts of the Indian Ocean.

Military vessels and airborne units from the two neighbors took part in the drill. They included units from the Royal Navy of Oman along with units from the Iranian Navy, Air Force, the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps (IRGC) Navy, the Border Police's Naval Division, and the Ports and Maritime Organization of Iran.

During the one-day drill, the Iranian and Omani military helicopters monitored the maritime traffic in the region. Iranian drones also made reconnaissance sorties to detect military and trade vessels across the war game zone. The two countries have held several joint naval drills in the Persian Gulf and Sea of Oman in recent years.

Iran exports non-oil goods worth \$434m to Africa in 7 months

Iran exported 1.205 million tons of non-oil commodities valued at \$434 million to Africa during the first seven months of the current Iranian calendar year (March 21-October 22), the spokesman of Trade Development Committee of Iran's House of Industry, Mining and Trade announced.

Ruhollah Latifi said that the country's seven-month export to Africa fell 53 percent in value, and 33 percent in weight, year on year.

The official also announced that Iran imported 38,122 tons of goods valued at \$47.434 million from Africa in the first seven months of the present year, with 21 percent drop in worth and 42 percent fall in weight, as compared to the same period of time in the past year.

Over the past 40 years, the Islamic Republic of Iran has never given up on its principled policy towards Africa due to political and cultural commonalities, despite the sanctions, pressure and disruptions of the West, and has always maintained itself alongside the people and countries of Africa.

As reported, during the Iranian calendar years 1384 and 1385 (March 2005-March 2007), the relations between Iran and the African continent increased in terms of trade, but since 1386, the economic relations between Iran and Africa have decreased due to the economic crisis and cruel sanctions against Iran.

Surveys show that in the past years, due to the lack of restoration of economic relations with Africa, the amount of trade with the countries of this continent has remained at the level of \$1.2 billion, but according to Mohammed-Sadeq Qanadzadeh, the director general of the Africa Department of Iran's Trade Promotion Organization (TPO), facilitating the trade route with Africa is happening now and it is expected that the trade figure with this continent will reach \$10 billion in the next three years.

In fact, good steps have been taken to use Africa's capacity, and Africa can be a suitable market for Iranian goods, Qanadzadeh stated.

Last year, the official referred to the beginning of the 13th government's measures to develop relations with the African continent, and said: "Over the past [Iranian calendar] year 1400 (ended on March 20, 2022), a series of measures have been initiated, which were resulted in the visit of about 60 African trade delegations, active presence in the exhibitions of this continent, the opening of 10 trade centers, and the dispatch of three commercial attachés."

"As the result of these measures, Iran's trade with Africa experienced a 100-percent growth from \$650 million in the Iranian year 1399, and also in the first nine months of the year 1401, Iran-Africa trade was equal to the total trade of the previous year, and we also experienced a



growth of about 700 percent in the export of technical and engineering services", he added.

Also as announced by Ruhollah Latifi, the value of trade between Iran and Africa rose two percent in the past Iranian calendar year 1401 (ended on March 20). He put Iran-Africa annual trade at 2.545 million tons worth \$1.278 billion.

Iran exported 2.452 million tons of products valued at \$1.183 billion to 49 African countries in the past year, showing one percent fall, and imported 92,898 tons of goods worth \$95.316 million from 23 African countries, indicating 59 percent growth, year on year, according to Latifi.

Iranian Deputy Foreign Minister for Economic Diplomacy Mehdi Safari has said that the economies of Iran and the African continent are complementary to each other, and due to their abundant capacities, significant achievements can be achieved in this due.

He made the remarks at the Scientific and Economic Cooperation Meeting Between Iran and West African Countries (IRAN WAC) which was held in mid-March.

As reported, 20 multilateral and bilateral cooperation agreements were signed between Iran and West African countries in the first day of the mentioned event, and the expansion and deepening of comprehensive economic cooperation was emphasized.

Addressing that meeting, President Raisi emphasized Tehran's readiness to comprehensively expand cooperation with African countries, especially countries in the west of this continent.

He also said that the current level of trade between Iran and Africa is not acceptable, and according to the capacities and efforts of the authorities of the Islamic Republic of Iran and West African countries, it is expected that the

cooperation and economic relations between them will change even more.

As stated by the experts, in order to increase the level of trade with Africa certain infrastructure including transportation and direct shipping lines, as well as proper legal, commercial, monetary, and banking relations must be provided.

It is said that in the near future, the African continent will become a great power in the world due to having 18 percent of the world's population and increasing population growth.

Statistics show that the African continent has 30 percent of mineral reserves, 40 percent of gold, and 90 percent of chromium and platinum in the world. The continent also has the largest reserves of cobalt, diamonds, platinum and uranium in the world.

Also, Africa has 65 percent of the world's arable land, 10 percent of renewable fresh water resources, and 12 percent of the world's oil reserves.

As stated by Mehrad Ebad, a member of the board of representatives of Tehran Chamber of Commerce, Industries, Mines, and Agriculture (TCCIMA), in the last 20 years, Africa's foreign trade has grown significantly, but Iran has not yet been able to use this capacity.

According to Ebad, one of the issues that caused the African market to be neglected was the lack of proper introduction of this market to Iranian traders and businessmen.

"In order to develop trade and relations with African countries, it is suggested the activity of joint chambers of commerce to introduce target markets and existing risks will be increased; Because our exporters are not interested to go to African markets due to lack of knowledge", he commented.

He also considered the cruel sanctions as another problem of trade with Africa and said that the traders are forced to send their goods to these countries through neighboring countries such as the UAE, Oman and Turkey in order to export their goods to African countries. It will cause re-export of goods and increase costs.

Despite existence of some barriers in the way of expanding trade between Iran and Africa, the visit of Iranian President Ebrahim Raisi to three African countries (Kenya, Uganda, and Zimbabwe) in mid-July proves that the current government is serious about developing cooperation and communication with the African continent in order to secure the country's economic interests.

Economic experts believe that the president's visit to Africa provided the basis for increasing Iran's presence in the 60-billion-dollar economy of the African continent and will increase the level of activity of Iranian traders and businessmen in this continent.

Average daily gasoline consumption rises 13%

Average daily gasoline consumption in Iran has reached about 110 million liters in the current Iranian calendar year (started on March 21) which is 13 percent more than the figure for the previous year, according to the managing director of the National Iranian Oil Products Distribution Company (NIOPDC). According to Jafar Salari-Nasab, currently, 110 million liters of gasoline are

distributed daily, and despite the 13 percent increase in consumption there is no problem with the supply and distribution of gasoline in the country. Back in August, Oil Minister Javad Oji said there are currently 4,400 active gas stations across the country. The minister noted that despite the increase in consumption there is no concern about fuel supply.

Iran rebuts European claims on Fattah-2 missile development

The Iranian Foreign Ministry spokesman countered recent statements from the foreign ministries of France, Germany, and the UK regarding Iran's Fattah-2 missile program.

Nasser Kanaani dismissed the European claims as misleading, devoid of legal grounding, and politically motivated.

Expressing Iran's discontent, he accused the European nations of presenting a biased perspective on the Iranian missile program.

Kanaani advised the three European countries to avoid making claims that hinder constructive interactions between Iran and Europe. He emphasized the importance of fostering a fair dialogue and a shared understanding to promote mutual cooperation in various domains.

The spokesman emphasized that Iran's program is entirely for peaceful purposes, aligning with the nation's defense requirements. He clarified that Iran's actions are within the bounds of international law and sovereignty.

He urged the international community to recognize Iran's commitment to peaceful and defensive measures. Iranian authorities have consistently emphasized their unwavering commitment to enhancing the nation's military capabilities, particularly the development of its missile power, which are entirely meant for defense. The officials have also asserted that Iran's defense capabilities are non-negotiable and will never be subject to discussions or compromises.

Kanaani also clarified Iran's missile restrictions status, highlighting that all missile restrictions on the Islamic Republic of Iran should have been lifted on October 17, 2023, under a timetable spelled out in the 2015 nuclear deal between Tehran and world powers.

He dismissed the claims made in the European countries' statements, deeming them unacceptable and without any legal merit.

Iran's Islamic Revolution Guards Corps (IRGC) unveiled the homegrown Fattah-2 hypersonic missile as well as other new military achievements on November 19, 2023.

In a joint statement released on November 19, the three European allies – known as E3-, said they would uphold their sanctions in a "direct response to Iran's consistent and severe noncompliance" with the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA). The sanctions specifically prohibit Iran from developing ballistic missiles capable of carrying nuclear weapons, as well as prevent the purchase, sale, or transfer of drones and missiles to and from Iran. Additionally, the sanctions encompass freezing the assets of various Iranian individuals and entities linked to nuclear and ballistic missile programs.

How to Apply Perfume

Source: <https://www.wikihow.com/Apply-Perfume>

By: PARISA JAMADI

Perfume may be just the thing to finish off your outfit, even if it's a T-shirt and your favorite jeans. Applying perfume can live up a date night, and help attract your desired partner. However, there are some misconceptions as to how to apply perfume, where to apply it, and what types of perfumes to buy. The difference between applying perfume correctly and incorrectly is dramatic, and can change the course of how your evening goes. Luckily, the steps to correctly apply perfume are easy and simple.

Preparing to Apply Your Perfume

Find your perfect perfume. Make sure you absolutely love the perfume's top notes and bottom notes.

Choose a daytime or nighttime fragrance. If you are simply going out on the town, going to work, or visiting the beach, try a daytime fragrance. If you are planning a date, or going out to dinner, you might try a nighttime fragrance instead.

Take a shower or bath. Your skin absorbs perfume better after it is nice and warm. Make sure when you take your shower or bath that the water is hot, so that your pores can open.[4]

Dry your skin off. After you take a warm shower or bath, make sure your skin is dry. If you do not, when you spray the perfume on it will not stick. Specifically, get the hard to reach places like the back of your knees, your neckline, and your hair. These are what are called "pulse points," or places where your perfume goes on, and acts at its highest level.[6]

Hydrate your skin. If you did not apply moisturizer during your shower, definitely do this after you dry off. The perfume has a much better chance to lock on to your skin if it is smooth and soft, rather than dry and rough.[7] [8]

Apply the perfume before you put your clothes on. Perfume sprayed directly onto clothes can cause water marks which look unseemly, particularly if you



are going out to a nice dinner date. Perfume also works much better on "pulse points" rather than clothes, because the molecules interact with direct contact with skin.[14]

Applying Your Perfume Hold fragrance away from your body. You will want to be at least 5-7 inches away from your chest/body. Point the nozzle in the direction of your body. If your skin gets too wet from the spray, you are holding it too closely.

Spray perfume onto your "pulse points." These points are places where blood vessels are close to the skin. There is extra heat at these points, and because heat rises into the air, your fragrance will more likely be smelled. Some of the most commonly used are collarbones, knees, and necklines.[15]

Dab your perfume on. If your perfume is not a spray type, you can always use your hands to add the perfume onto a "pulse point." Simply shake a bit of

perfume out onto your hand. Rub it between your hands. Gently apply to the skin, and rub gently in a small circle.

Let your "pulse point" dry without rubbing it. Keep your clothes off until the area is dry. Try and wait at least ten minutes.

Try not to overdo it with the perfume. A little bit goes a long way when it comes to perfume. It is best to put on too little, than too much. You can always sneak a bottle in your purse, and apply some later if you feel it is not strong enough.

Comb perfume through your hair. Fragrances latch onto fibers, so your hair is a great place to smell good for long periods of time.

Dab some perfume behind your ears. Veins are very close to your skin in this "pulse point." Put a small amount of perfume on the edge of your fingertips, and dab it behind your ears.[19] Placing perfume behind your ears gets imme-

mediate effects and it best for nighttime perfumes.[20]

Familiarize yourself with your perfume. Skin reacts in different ways to different perfumes. Notice whether you can smell the perfume after a few hours is up. Check that your skin is not reacting negatively to a particular perfume.

Reapply scent every four hours. Even the best perfumes do not last very long. Ask a friend or family member whether they think you need some more. Oftentimes you can get used to the smell of your perfume, but it still might be strong.[24]

Keep perfume out of sunlight, and cool. This is because heat and light change the chemical make-up of the perfume.

Check the expiration date on your perfume. Like other products, perfume goes out of date. If you notice that there is a sharp smell when you open the bottle, that is another sign that your perfume is way too old.[27]

Car manufacturing rises %20 in 8 months yr/yr

Car manufacturing in Iran rose 20 percent in the first eight months of the current Iranian calendar year (March 21-November 21), as compared to the same eight months in the previous year.

According to the director-general of the Iranian Industry Ministry's Auto Industry Office, Iranian carmakers managed to manufacture over 882,471 vehicles in the mentioned period, IRNA reported.

Abdollah Tavakoli Lahijani said that during the said eight months the country's automakers produced nearly 742,000

passenger cars, registering a 15 percent rise compared to the same period of the last year.

The production of various types of trucks also increased by 43 percent, year on year, the official said.

Car manufacturing in Iran increased by 39 percent in the past Iranian calendar year 1401 (ended on March 20), as the Iranian carmakers manufactured 1,347,394 vehicles in the mentioned year.

In the past year, 1,182,078 passenger cars were manufactured in the country, registering a 35-percent rise year on year.



Iran space industry on right track: minister



Issa Zarepour, the Iranian Minister of Information and Communication Technology, has stated that the country's space industry is now on a progressive track.

The minister added that the 10-year document for the development of the country's space industry was approved last year by the Raisi administration.

Zarepour reiterated that after an 11-year hiatus, meetings of the Supreme Council of Cyber Space were held under the chairmanship of President Raisi.

He hailed the announcement of the document, saying it was one of the effective measures that took place during the Raisi administration.

"In the document, the path for the development of the space industry is portrayed in one-year, two-year, and three-year periods in fields such as satellite construction, infrastructure, ground station, and satellite launch," Zarepour said.

Regarding the implementation of the document, he stated that it is being carried out step by step in various sections of the Ministry of Information and Communication.

In the field of stabilizing launchers and building satellites, he said "good things" have happened.

He also said, "We will witness several events by the end of the year."

Earlier on Monday, he had announced that "by the end of this year, Iran will launch five satellites," adding that two of the satellites will be launched by the IRGC, two by the Ministry of Defense, and one from abroad.

Elsewhere, he noted that all activities in the field of space are coordinated by the Supreme Space Council, whose secretariat is under the supervision of the Iranian Space Agency.

In the end, the minister pointed out that with "Empathy, coordination and cooperation" of all bodies, the Islamic Republic of Iran will reach its rightful status.

Domestic firms supply \$8b of equipment, parts for petchem industry



The managing director of Iran's National Petrochemical Company (NPC) has said domestic companies have supplied about eight billion dollars of equipment and parts for the country's petrochemical complexes over the past two years, NIPNA reported.

"In the last two years, about eight billion dollars of equipment and goods have been provided through domestic companies, part of which was first-time construction," Morteza Shahmirzaei said.

Emphasizing the NPC's focus on providing domestically manufactured parts and equipment for its projects, Shahmirzaei said: "[In the past two years] about 10 billion dollars have been spent on providing equipment and parts for petrochemical projects, more than 80 percent of which have been produced by domestic companies."

He pointed out that about 15 parts and equipment needed by the petrochemical industry were made by knowledge-based companies in the 13th gov-

ernment, adding: "Currently, at most 90 percent and at least 40 percent of petrochemical projects use domestically produced goods and equipment."

The official assessed the ability of domestic manufacturers of petrochemical equipment and goods as very favorable and stated: "Many Iranian manufacturers are providing services to neighboring countries and Southeast Asian countries, and nine Iranian manufacturers are among the major equipment exporters in global markets."

Mentioning some of his company's major strategies, Shahmirzaei said: "The most important part of the National Petrochemical Company's strategy is to complete the industry's value chain and support knowledge-based companies, domestic manufacturing firms, and domestic production of catalysts."

"The government's strategy in the field of production is to make maximum use of the installed capacity in the petrochemical industry by using the knowledge and capabilities of domestic manufacturers," he added.

